THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our J. B. Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14. 1879.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIII, NO. 47
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIV, NO. 88

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1W.	2W.	3M.	6M.	1Y
One inch	$2.00	$3.50	$5.00	$8.00	$10.00
Two inches	3.00	4.50	6.00	9.00	12.00
Three inches	4.00	6.00	7.00	12.00	15.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00	20.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	15.00	25.00
Half column	10.00	15.00	18.00	28.00	50.00
One column	20.00	30.00	35.00	50.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before insertion, except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line. regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Brickbaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Brickbaum.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert R. Little.
Sheriff—John W. Hoffman.
Surveyor—Samuel Neyhard.
Treasurer—H. A. Sweppenheiser.
Commissioners—Stephen Pone, Charles Richart, A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seesholtz.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—R. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—I. S. KUHN.
Clerk—Paul E. Wirt.
Chief of Police—D. Laycock.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier, John Peacock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. R. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. Brower, President, P. S. Wirt, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. O. D. S. Mayclay.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Minister—Rev. E. H. Yocum.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. W. K. Krebs.
Residence—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion. Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but every body welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Service—7 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR. Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's Building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Above 5th East side.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

McHENRY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician. Office S. W. C. Market and Fifth St. Diseases of the eye a specialty. aug. 30, 6m.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1 1879

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between second and Third.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's store, Main street.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, '79-tf

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Room No. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg.
april19, 1878.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Aetna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
	$60,637,000

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 26, '80—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa,
oct. 26, 79-1y.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY AND HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING
Nov 16 '80.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF. By sending 25 cents, with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage.
Address, W FOX, BOX 77 Fultonville, N. Y.
aug. 22, 3m.

LAWYERS.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. oct. 1, 1879.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
Office in Ent's BUILDING. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. B & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROBT. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR.
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in UNANGST'S BUILDING, on Main street second door above Centre.
Can be consulted in German.
jan. 10, '80-tf

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe oct. 1, 1879.

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

SAMUEL FREDERICKS,
GENERAL FOUNDRY BUSINESS,
NEAR CATAWISSA.
New work and repairs neatly, quickly and cheaply done. Plows, Water-Wheels, &c., manufactured or repaired
aug. 22, '79.

THE DAVIS.

THE LATEST IS THE BEST.
The Greatest Sewing Machine of the Age
Don't fail to see this wonderful piece of perfection, the New Davis Vertical Feed Shuttle Sewing Machine. Manufactured at Watertown, New York.
Will be on exhibition at the Bloomsburg fair ground during the fair.
All are cordially invited to call and inspect the New Machine and obtain samples of work, more beautiful and desirable than ever before accomplished and utterly impossible for any other to duplicate.
Thousands witnessing the immense range of work, and discarding their old machines for the NEW MACHINE, is sufficient proof of its superiority and bring for the DAVIS a trade that runs the factory to its fullest capacity.

The Vertical Feed.

Which supercedes the under feed, is the hinge upon which swings the UNPARALLELED SUCCESS,

Composed of only 13 Working Parts, while others have from forty to seventy-five, making the least complicated, the most durable and most reliable machine in use.

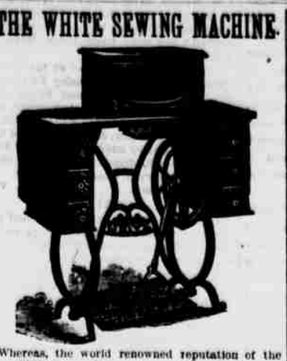
It positively leads all others, DOING AWAY with all basting, and is the LIGHTEST RUNNING SHUTTLE MACHINE IN THE WORLD! and gives general satisfaction. Will be sold at the recent popular REDUCED SCALE OF PRICES. Samples of work free.

J. SALTZER, Gen'l Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 3, '79-1y.

Let your first attack of indigestion be those last. Rouse the dormant energies of the stomach with the Bitters. The tone thus imparted will remain. This is a fact established by thousands of witnesses, whose testimony is simply a statement of their own experiences. Those afflicted with general debility at every phase will find this medicine an unfailing agent in building up and renewing their strength.

For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally. Oct 5, 1y.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE.



Whereas, the world renowned reputation of the
White Sewing Machine
induces many unscrupulous competitors to resort to all kinds of mean tricks to injure its reputation, we beg to caution all intending purchasers not to buy a
WHITE MACHINE
except from its regular authorized dealers, who will be sustained by the following warranty.

WE WARRANT THE NATURAL WEAR AND TEAR OF THE
White Shuttle Sewing Machine,
PLATE NUMBER 103339 FOR FAMILY PURPOSES, AND HEREBY AGREE TO KEEP THE SAME IN REPAIR FOR THE TERM OF FIVE YEARS FROM THIS DATE, FREE OF CHARGE.

This warranty excepts the breakage of needles bobbins and shuttles.

This warranty will not be sustained unless the late number above given corresponds with the umber on the shuttle race slide. Beware of defaced r altered numbers.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.

The "WHITE" Shuttle Sewing Machine
Has GREATER CAPACITY than any other family Sewing Machine for doing every variety of work.

J. SALTZER, General Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 3, '79-1y.

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. Costly outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland Maine.
oct 5, '79-1y

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
In the matter of the second and final account of C. R. Woodin, assignee of the Columbian Iron and Manufacturing Company.
And now Oct. 21st, 1879, on motion of Geo. E. Elwell, Esq., the Court appoint Robert R. Little auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the assignee to and among the parties entitled thereto.
BY THE COURT.

The undersigned, appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of C. R. Woodin assignee of the Columbian Iron and Manufacturing company to and among the parties of entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at the office of E. H. & R. R. Little, in Bloomsburg, Penna., on Saturday, November 22nd, 1879, at nine o'clock a. m., for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment when and where all such persons will present their claims before the Auditor or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.
ROBT. R. LITTLE
Oct. 24-4w Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF CHARLES SAGE, DECEASED.
The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Col. county, to make distribution of the money in the hands of John App'eman, Administrator, to and among parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of S. Knorr, Esq., on Saturday, November 8th 1879, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.
L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Auditor.
oct 10, ts.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF BENJAMIN MILLER DECEASED.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Administrators to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday the 11th day of November A. D., 1879, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of his said appointment, when and where all persons having any claims upon the said fund are required to present them, properly authenticated, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.
JOHN G. FREEZE, Auditor.
Oct. 3, '79-4w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
IN THE MATTER OF THE SALE OF THE REAL ESTATE OF THE MASONIC ASSOCIATION OF CATAWISSA, SOLD JULY 7, 1879, BY THE SHERIFF. | Court of Common Pleas of Columbia co.
And now Sept. 4, 1879, on motion of Messrs Freeze, Miller and Buckalew Attorneys for creditors the Court appoint S. Knorr, Esq., Auditor to make distribution of the proceeds in the hands of the Court.
The Auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment, will attend to the duties thereof at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday the 7th day of November next at ten o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.
SAMUEL KNORR, Auditor.
Oct, 3 '79-ts.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
In the matter of the estate of John Boston, deceased.
Now September 13, 1879, on motion of C. W. Miller and Geo. E. Elwell, counsel for creditors and W. J. Buckalew, attorney for estate, the Court appoint F. P. Billmyer auditor to distribute the money in the hands of D. L. Chapin, Administrator of John Boston, deceased.
BY THE COURT.
The Auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment, will attend to the duties thereof at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday November 7th, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.
F. P. BILLMYER, Auditor.
oct, 10, ts.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF THOMAS DAVIS, DECEASED.
Letters of administration on the estate of Thomas Davis, late of Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrators. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.
I. K. KRICKBAUM, Cambric.
LAVINA DAVIS, Benton.
Administrators.
Oct. 17, 6w.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF GEORGE WHITENIGHT, DECEASED.
Letters Testamentary on the estate of George Whitenight, late of Hemlock twp., columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Executor. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executor without delay.
WILLIAM MOSTELLER, Executor.
P. O. Buckhorn, Oct. 17, 6w.*

PROFITS.
How to operate successfully in Stocks on $10, $25, $50 and upwards, by our new marginal system. Explanatory Book mailed gratis upon application.
CHARLES FOWELL & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 115 Broadway, New York.
Oct. 17-1m

$1500 TO $3000 A YEAR, or $5 to $20 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above, so one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 5 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. It costs nothing to try the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. oct. 5, '79-1y

PENSIONS!
procured for soldiers disabled in U. S. service by reasons of wounds and other causes.
All pensions date back to day of discharge.
Pensions increased. Address with stamp,
STODDART & CO.,
No. 913 E St. N. W. Washington, D. C.
Oct. 26.-1m

Poetical.

IN DREAMS.

There are meetings of happy lovers
All over the sweet earth to-night,
Red lips that are blistered with kisses,
Eyes dimmed in tears of delight,
But where are the lips, warm and tender,
That my lips are yearning to kiss?
And where are the dark eyes whose glances
Would thrill me with trembling of bliss?

Alas, my beloved! why is it
Fate crosses and bothers us thus—
So kind and so gentle with others,
So harsh and so cruel to us?
Why is it that we, of all lovers,
Must long for each other in vain—
Must fain for Love's bliss, and forever
Be fed with the emptiest pain?

Are the angels afraid that our loving
Will bring down their heaven to our feet,
That they cross their white pinions between us,
Forbidding us ever to meet?
To-night, while we dream (are you dreaming?)
O, come to me, dearest, and see
How in sleep we will cheat and elude them
Who are keeping you parted from me?

Come close and kneel down where I slumber—
In dreams none can wrest us apart;
Let the fire and dew of your kisses
Melt down through my lips to my heart,
Till I swoon with the joy of your presence,
Dumb rapture my soul overpowers,
And the curious angels discover
How tame is their heaven beside ours?

Select Story.

BACKWOODSMAN'S STORY.

'I tell you it's an awful thing to go through,' said Tom Mopson—'a man's last night on earth, when he knows he's got to be hung in the mornin'.'

'Why, were you ever in that fix?' inquired one of the listeners.

'If you'd like to hear it, answered Tom, 'I'll tell you the story.'

By general invitation he proceeded, first replacing his quid with a fresh one.

'It's now more'n thirty years,' said Tom, 'since I took a notion to go and settle in the backwoods.'

'There wan't another cabin within five miles of mine, which made it a little lonesome whiles; but it's a good thing to be out o'reach o' bad company, and I always liked an independent life—so on the whole, I got along quite comfortable.

'One night, I was about putting out the light, after saying my prayers, afore goin' to bed, when there came a quick knock at the door.

I hurried to open it, when a man staggered in. His look was wild and his face pale.

"Help! help!" he gasped; 'I'm afraid I've got my death wound!'

'I caught him in my arms and half-carried him to bed.

"It's here,' he said, when I had laid him down, placin' his hand on his breast.

'Quick as I could I tore open his clothes, and close to where I could see his heart beatin' was a round red mark, with a slow stream of blood trinkling from it.

'I'd seen bullet wounds afore, and know'd at once what was the matter.

'I feel I'm dyin',' said the stranger, after lying awhile with his eyes shut.

'I hope not,' said I, 'I'd go for a doctor, but there's none nigher than ten miles.'

'Twouldn't be no use,' says he. 'No doctor could get at where the trouble is. I'm filling up with blood inside, and it'll soon choke me.'

'I know'd what he meant. He was shot in the chest and was bleeding inwardly.

'There is one thing I want you to do,' says he, 'on your word of honor to a dying man.'

'What is it?' says I.

'Will you give me your word to do it?' says he.

'I will,' says I, 'if it's a thing an honest man may do.'

'I wouldn't ask you to do nothing else,' says he—'not in my last moments. I've got my death from one I've always loved dearly. Should he be discovered and punished for his crime, it would disgrace a name which I prize more than life. No one seen me come here. When I'm dead bury me in some secret spot and say nothin', and then nobody will ever know my fate but you and the man whose conscience will be his own punishment.'

'I looked down in the pale face turned up to mine. There was somethin' so beseechin' in it, that I hadn't the heart to say 'no.'

'I took his hand and pressed it—it was fast growin' cold.'

"I promise,' said I.

'He lay quiet a spell—then took away his hand, and from an inside pocket took out a thick wallet.'

'Take this—it is yours,' he said, puttin' it in my hand—'there's no one else now I would wish to have it.'

'I pushed it back, but he said:

'Keep it—it's my last wish.'

'Then his eyes turned glassy. I dropped the pocket book, and catchin' him in my arms raised up his head. He gave one or two long breaths, and sank back dead.

'I laid him down gently, folded his arms across his breast, closed his eyes, and covered his face with the sheet.

'I'd been too long out there on the border to fear bein' alone with a dead man; and of any possible consequences to myself I was too confused then to think.

'Afore I know'd, daylight was streamin' in at the window.

'I must keep my word,' said I; and I got up and went out and got my spade. Down near by my cabin was a shady nook where the wild grape vines had growed up over the trees, makin' a sort of nat'ral arbor.

'There's where I'll lay him,' says I; and I went to work and dug a grave at a spot where the vines hung down like weepin' willers. Then I went back to the house and windin' the body in my best sheet, carried it in my arms, and laid it in the grave.

'Earth to earth and dust to dust,' says I before shovelin' in the clay.

'When I'd finished, and had scraped back the dead leaves over the grave so's to hide the spot, and was just turnin' away, who should step out afore me but Jess Roker,

'Hev you been diggin' ginsang, neighbor?' says he, with an inquisitive grin.

'No, I hain't,' says I, a little crusty, and walkin' off, for I never liked Jess' pryin' ways.

'Well, some days afterwards I was sittin' in my cabin reading my Bible when a squad of men rid up and came in without waitin' to be asked.

"You are my prisoner!' says the one at the head, clappin' his hand on my shoulder.

"What for?' says I.

"For murder? says he.

'And then they began searchin' the premises and presently they found the dead man's pocketbook, which I had put away after countin' the money.

"Where did you git this?' says the man who spoke afore.

"I won't tell,' says I.

"Why not?' says he.

"Because I've give my word to a dead man' says I. 'and I won't go back on it.'

"I'll show you where the the dead man is' says Jess Roker, comin' forrid with his sneakin' grin.

'Then I know'd Jess had been eavesdroppin' at the funeral, and had given information agin me. I made a dash at him, but a dozen hands seized and held me fast.

'Jess led the way to the grapevines, and in a few minutes the body I had buried was removed from its resting place.

'What have you to say now?' says the sheriff.

'Nothin', says I, rememberin' my promise.

'Then a strange man present spoke to the sheriff in private. They examined the pocket book together. Then I was handcuffed, and took away thirty miles to jail.

'Twould be too long a story to tell all that passed till I was tried. A young lawyer took up my case. For a long time I wouldn't tell him anything. I insisted I'd given my word to a dying man, and could not break it. But the lawyer was a smart chap and outlawed me. His main pint was that a lawyer was bound to keep his client's secrets, and anything I told him would be as safe as with myself. Besides, he said, whatever promise I had given, the law would imply a condition that I wasn't bound to keep it at the risk of bein' hanged; and even if I'd agreed to be hanged sooner'n tell, 'twould be agin public policy and void. I give in at last, and told him all.

'Well, after some delay the trial came on. The witness that swore to seein' the murdered man last afore his remains was found was his own brother, which was the same man that had held the private talk with the sheriff the day I was took up.

He swore that him and his brother had come out to buy land, and had been stoppin' for some days with a settler in the neighborhood. His brother and him had started out one afternoon to take a look at the country, but he had got tired, and not feelin' very well, had turned back, while his brother went on, intendin' when night come to stop at the nearest cabin. After that he had never seen his brother alive, but he fully identified both the pocket book and the body. The pocket book had $3,000 in it.

'My lawyer crossed-examined this witness sharp, and mixed him up a good deal. In fact he contradicted himself so much that more'n one of the jury begun to look doubtful.

'All at once the truth flashed onto me.

'That's the man that done it!' says I, springin' up, and pintin' at the the witness. 'I know now why the dyin' man didn't want nothin' said.'

'The officers forced me back into my seat, and the witness took out his pocket handkercher and begun weepin' vi'lently. He could stand anything, he said, sobbin', sooner'n bein' charged with his brother's murder.

'The scene powerfully affected the very jurymen that just afore had begun to show signs of doubt; and they, too, took out their handkerchiefs and wiped their eyes, and blowed their noses, and then shook their heads.

'The young lawyer made a good speech for me, but 'twan't no use. When a murdered man's money and body's both found on the prisoner it's easy to see he don't stand much chance.

'As I'd got to be hung, I'd a been glad to have it over; but the judge give me a couple of months to prepare for death, and said he hoped I'd improve the time repentin' of the great offence.

'Them sixty days passed mighty tedious. Every one of 'em was spun out with sufferin'. Hold your hand in the fire a minnit, and I guess you'll think it's a full hour.

'To add to it all, Parson Piget kept teazen' of me to confess. He said he could offe me no hope onless I did. I told him my hope wan't in him; that I'd put my trust in One that didn't want no lyin' confessions. I felt sorry afterwards for bein' so sharp with Piget, for he was a good man, and I have no doubt meant right.

'Then come my last night. I'd been long wishin' that all was over; but that night somehow the horror of my situation come before me more distinct than ever before. I'd been listenin' durin' the day to the carpenter puttin' up the gallows, and my measure had been took for my coffin.

'When night come I throwed myself on my bed, and thought over my past life. I begged forgiveness for all sins I had actually committed, and tried to pray that he, too, might be forgiven for whose crime I was about to suffer. This was up-hill work, but I trust I done it sincerely. But, oh! the agony of the thought that I was to die a shameful death, and that all them that had loved me could never again hear my name without a blush.

'Wore out with anguish, I fell asleep a last, and dreamed of the happy days of childhood, and of my dear mother, having a sort of confused notion that, for some reason, I felt glad that she had died years ago.

'I slep' till they woke me in the mornin.' The sheriff, his assistants, and Mr. Piget was there.

'The sheriff read the death warrant. Then Mr. Piget prayed very fervently, and my heart said 'Amen!' for he didn't speak no more of my great crime but only asked the Heavenly Father to have mercy on me.

'The sheriff then took the rope from his pocket. I started back at the sight. Much as I had thought over all that was to come, I found I was not yet prepared for the horrid reality.

"Hold on, Mr. Sheriff!' says my lawyer, rushin' in and holdin' up a paper. I've been ridin' night and day for three days, and thank God I am in time.'

'The sheriff took the paper and read it.

"All right, Mr. Mopson' says he—'your'e a free man; this is a full pardon from the gov'ner.'

'I won't try to describe my feelin's. It's enough to say that the truth had come out. The murdered man's brother, who'd got the pocketbook and money after my conviction, got mortally stabbed in a row over a gamin' table, and afore his death confessed that he'd shot his brother while attemptin' to rob him, but the latter had escaped after receivin' his death wound. This, of course, explained the fact of both the pocket book and the body bein' found on my premises.

ANECDOTE OF ARTEMUS WARD.

I met Artemus Ward but once. I was quite young at the time and was acting as city editor of the *Star*, published at Schenectady, N. Y. The paper's whole name was the *Evening Star*. Well, while I was city editor of this sheet I met Artemus. He had come among us to deliver his famous lecture and the whole place turned out to hear him. Strange as it may appear I didn't go. You see, I was fathoms deep in love with a girl at the time, and had a rival. This rival, who had recently blazed out in a new suit of clothes, was at the lecture, and, sitting by his side, as happy as a kitten with a jill of sweet milk concealed about its person, was the idol of my heart—the, alas! fickle queen of my young affections. This is the reason that an hour after the lecture was over I happened to stand on a canal bridge, looking sadly down into the water. Although I heard no footsteps I suddenly became conscious of a presence. Looking up I saw standing beside me a slender form, whose face in the dim starlight seemed to be an unusually large one.

"Pardon me," he said; "saw you looking dreamily into the water as if you might be a poet, or perhaps a coroner, and was attracted to your side. Has misfortune overtaken thee, or art thou thinking of a lost one—or two, or a nearer one yet, and a dearer one still, in the shape of a V?"

I explained that I had lost no money, and during the course of conversation revealed the fact that I was a local editor.

"It must be a terrible strain on the intellect to attend to the duties of a local editor," he remarked, tenderly. "Long, long ago I had a relative—it is a family tradition—who was a local editor. He succumbed to his tremendous intellectual exertion at an early age. Noble soul, he died in the harness—at all events a stub led-pencil and an old note-book were found in his coat-tail pocket after his demise. His last words were, 'Set 'em up again.' alluding, you understand, to the type."

I was about to say something in regard to my heavy editorial responsibility, but Ward checked me by asking:

'What creek is this?'

'Creek!' I exclaimed. 'Why, this is the Erie canal.'

'How far is it navigable?'

'Why, of course it is navigable from one end to the other,' was my surprised reply.

'Well, solemnly replied Ward, 'that beats all the streams I ever heard of. By the way I think I can make out some large boats anchored up the stream there—what are they, propelers or side-wheelers?"

I replied that they were merely canal boats, moved by horse power.

'Ah! I didn't think the stream was so shallow as that,' said Artemus.

'As shallow as what?'

'Why you say that those boats are pulled along by horses. Now, of course they must walk along in front of the boat, mustn't they? I used to run a stoneboat on my lamented Uncle John's farm, and I distinctly remember that the horses walked along in front.'

I mentally declared that I had never before met with such ignorance. I spent some time explaining the peculiarities of the big ditch and just as I had begun to think at last I had set the stranger right on the subject, he knocked my hopes into kindlingwood by remarking:

'I suppose that when the stream dries up in the summer they put the boats on wheels, don't they?'

Then I began again to explain every feature in the canal from New York to Erie How attentively he listened to my words. I can still see that melancholy face lit by the sad light of the stars, and those mournful eyes looking into mine so earnestly; and again I hear, as I did then, after I had talked for nearly half an hour, going fully into details of boating, the low, pathetic drawl:

'Any sawmills on this stream that you know of?'

Shortly after some gentleman came along who seemed to be acquainted with my obtuse friend. Presently one called him Artemus and then I commenced to reflect. I always reflect best when I'm hid away somewhere, so I went and hid myself.—*Detroit Free Press.*

WHEN TO APPLY MANURE.

The common practice among farmers is to make a general clearing of the yard and barn cellars once a year, either in the spring or fall. Either practice makes a heavy draft upon the teams, and has its disadvantages. If this work is done in the spring, it is when the ground is soft, and other work is exceedingly pressing If the manure is drawn out in the fall and dropped in heaps upon the field to be cultivated next season, there is more or less waste by leaching and evaporation There is a growing disposition among our intelligent farmers to apply manure directly to growing crops, or as near the time of planting and sowing as possible. It is felt that the sooner manure is put within reach of the roots of plants, the better for their crops and their owner. Manure is so much capital invested, and bears interest only as it is consumed in the soil.

The barn cellar may be so managed as to manufacture and turn out fertilizers every month in the year, so that the farmer may suit his convenience in applying them to the soil. When manure is not wanted for cultivated crops, it is always safe to apply it to the grass crop, either in pastures or upon meadows after mowing. Top-dressing is growing in favor with our intelligent farmers Grass pays better than almost any farm crop in the older states, and the spreading of compost saves the necessity of frequent plowing and seeding. By top-dressing at any convenient season of the year, fields may be kept profitably in grass for an indefinite time.—*American Agriculturist.*

ONE EXPERIENCE FROM MANY.

"I had been sick and miserable so long and had caused my husband so much trouble and expense, no one seemed to know what ailed me, that I was completely disheartened and discouraged. In this frame of mind I got a bottle of Hop Bitters and used them unknown to my family. I soon began to improve and gained so fast that my husband and family thought it strange and unnatural, but when I told them what had helped me, they said "Hurrah for Hop Bitters! long may they prosper, for they have made mother well and us happy."—The Mother.

Life is full of sorrows and disappointments but the most anguine hopes of all those who try Dr. Bulls Cough Syrup, are always realized. It never disappoints. Price 25 cents.

IMPERIAL INFAMY.

Early in the year 1877, Mlle. Kafiero opened a school in the district of Wyschnyi Wolotschok, belonging to the Twer Government, Russia, and taught the peasant children for two consecutive years without exacting any school fees from their parents.

On the 16th of last June she was arrested without any previous warning and thrown into prison. Her narrative from that date may best be recounted in her own words. She writes as follows: After I had lain for a few days in the jail of Wyschnyi-Wolotschok the Governor of Twer, Solow, entered my cell one morning and acquainted me with the cause of my arrest and imdrisonment. According to his statement my offenses consisted in having imparted instruction to peasant children, which is only permitted to male teachers, and in having fifteen years ago been seen in a boat with several students. For having committed these crimes it was the intention of the authorities to send me across the frontier. From Wyschnyi-Wolotschok I was conveyed to

The Columbian.

O. E. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Nov. 14, 1879.

LESSONS OF THE LATE ELECTION

The result of the late election is not without its lessons. It teaches, first, that when Democrats stay at home and the Republicans vote, the Republican candidates are quite likely to be elected. The Democratic vote in this county is 836 less than the vote last year for Governor, while that of the Republicans is only 291 behind last year. In other counties the falling off was even greater than here, and this enabled the opposition to roll up a majority of nearly 60,000 in the State.

It teaches, secondly, so far as our local affairs are concerned, that a nomination is not equivalent to an election. We have frequently through these columns, urged upon candidates for important offices the necessity of working for the party, after nomination, as vigorously as they work for themselves before the delegate election. It is a fact that most aspirants for office in this county will travel for weeks working for a nomination; but as soon as that is obtained they sit down quietly at home and do nothing for themselves, the State or National ticket. They feel sure of their own success, and leave the general result to take care of itself. Sometimes the general result is not what was expected.

The order of things should be reversed. The heat of the battle should come after the convention and not before it, and candidates should evince the same desire for the success of the general ticket that they do for their own individual advancement.

These remarks are not intended to cast reflection on any one in the late campaign. We refer especially to the future.

The result of the election so far as Sheriff is concerned might not have been averted. The independent voter was abroad this year, and there were very many influences combined against the Democratic nominee. His chief opponent received a large soldier vote all there was left of the Greenback vote, a few Republican votes, and the votes of a large number of Democrats who were actuated by motives of friendliness to Mr. Ent or of prejudice against the regular nominee for one cause or another; and nearly as many more did not vote at all. To this indifference more than anything else can be ascribed the defeat of our nominee. From this let us learn that hereafter we must nominate men who can command a full party vote, and after such nominations are made let every Democrat make it his bounden duty to go to the polls and give them his hearty support. It is unfair and unjust to a candidate to give him a nomination, and then help defeat him by voting against him, or by not voting at all.

The Senior editor of the *Republican* was away from home so much during the late campaign that the young man whom he leaves in charge of the paper during his absences had no one to read and interpret English to him, and hence when he read the COLUMBIAN for some week's prior to the election he could not understand whether we supported A. K. Smith or not. If he will point out a single paragraph unfavorable to Mr. Smith, or a single line favoring any other candidate from the time of the convention down to election day, he will have something upon which to substantiate his charge. Otherwise they stand proven to be just what the writer knows them to be, utterly unfounded falsehoods. We supported our nominee straight through, and did not at the last moment betray him and the party; nor did we flood the county with lying circulars saying that he had withdrawn from the contest, as the *Republican* did with its candidate. Nor did we support the Democratic nominee simply for "bulk of patronage," but did it as a matter of principle. We do not deem it worth while to attempt to correct all the falsehoods contained in the *Republican*. We have only to say that we never had but one conversation with Mr. Smith, and that was concerning the printing of tickets, and nothing else. It was of about three minutes duration and occurred a short time before the election. We ask simply an inspection of the COLUMBIAN to show whether Mr. Smith did not receive our support until two weeks before election. The *Republican* is in a predicament. It has called down upon itself the indignation of outraged Republicans all over the county, by the treachery of its editors, and now seeks to crawl out through a very small hole, by endeavoring to show that we, like themselves were untrue to the candidate of the party. We leave the public to judge of its pitiable failure.

When Montour county was cut off from Columbia, it left a Democratic majority of about 1000 in Columbia, and about 600 in Montour. Columbia now gives over 2,000 on a full vote while Montour gives about 500. In other words the majority in Columbia has been more than doubled since 1850, while in Montour it barely holds its own. Such men as David Lowenberg have been active Democrats in Columbia and Thomas Chalfant has been trying to run the machine for Montour. With the above figures in view, Chalfant should be cautious in his attacks on the democracy of Mr. Lowenberg.

The Greenback vote of Pennsylvania will not exceed 10,000 this year. Last year it was 81,758 for Governor and 99,316 for Supreme Judge. That looks very much like the last gasp before going out of business. More than half the vote now classed as Greenback is really the Labor vote of Lackawanna and Luzerne, and the organization maintains its existence without any regard to the currency issue. It is safe to say that the Greenback element as a political factor is entirely effaced from our contests in Pennsylvania.—*Times.*

Letters were sent out just before the election to Republicans announcing that Fairman had withdrawn as a candidate for sheriff. These letters were sent by the men who nominated Fairman, but they did not have the decency to ask him to withdraw. They chopped his head off without his knowledge or consent. Mr. Fairman had not withdrawn, and knew nothing of the movement against him until the Saturday before election.

Governor Hoyt delivered an address before the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia last Monday night. His discourse was on the 'Connecticut claims.'

The official returns of the state show that Butler received 280,153 votes; Barr, 221,715; Sutton, 27,207; Richardson, 3,219.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C. Nov. 11th 1879.

PREPARATIONS AT THE CAPITOL. OUR LUXURIOUS LEGISLATURE. FRENCH ECONOMY AND AMERICAN PRODIGALITY.

Yesterday I took a look at the long deserted Capitol and found it empty, swept, and garnished, but not quite ready for the return of the evil spirits. The desks are not in place in either the Senate or the House, carpets are not down and the upholstery of the seats in the gallery is not yet finished. Why should they be upholstered? It would be more cleanly as well as more economical to furnish the galleries with hard wooden seats. There is a lesson of simplicity and severity in our public institutions that our public servants are not disposed to learn. Certain public offices, like that of Sargeant of Arms of the Senate and the House, are supposed to be more remunerative through their perquisites than from the ample salaries received by their incumbents. They have the purchase of all the furniture and all the supplies of the two most luxurious legislative bodies that have existed. Carpets, mirrors, chairs, lounges, stationery, toilet articles, etc., etc.; the most elaborate and costly furniture of the House and of the Senate, of cloak rooms, committee rooms, bath rooms and restaurants. Hundreds of thousands of dollars pass through their hands annually and it would be a little remarkable if some of it did not adhere to itching palms. There are many corners for genteel crookedness not only at the Capitol but in all the Departments of the Government, and they aggregate a much greater loss to the Treasury than by the defalcations which occasionly appear in the newspapers with much sensational emblazonry of head-line. There are but two ways of reforming this abuse, one is to change human nature so that public officers will be no longer avaricious; the other is to reduce appropriations until there will remain no margin for extravagant expenditure.

It may be said and with truth, that the incidental expenses of the government department are small things: for what are a few millions to the United States and its vast riches? Yet electors are apt to judge of the larger items they cannot fully investigate by this little one that has leaped to light. When the Tuileries were refurnished under the First Empire, Napoleon I. was astonished at the magnitude of the upholsterer's account, and, to estimate it rightly, looked at the price set down for some gold lace tassels appended to the bell ropes. He then cut one off, and took an aide-de-camp to buy one exactly like it in the nearest shop, when he found that he was charged three times more than the actual cost. He sent for the upholsterer, and offered one-third the whole amount, intimating that if that sum were refused he would have every item examined in detail; and the offer was eagerly accepted. The prosperity of the most prosperous country in Europe is not less on account of the superior economy of her government than the matchless industry of her people. An admirable economy runs through all the affairs of France. Her civil service is much less expensive than ours. The pay of employees is based upon the kind of actual work performed. Her army and navy, per man and per ship, cost much less than ours, and her magistracy is paid on a scale that would astound the Judges of our courts. It is not possible to reduce our expenditures literally to French figures, but it will be well for us as a people in this new dawn of prosperity, if we are able to build deep and solid on the rock of public economy. The tendency of prosperity is to intoxicate, but surely experience should teach us something. We ought to know that we are not only a rich people but a people who stolidly tolerate a certain amount of waste high and low from our kitchens to our Capitol.

New York Elections.

THE DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY OF CANVASSING THE VOTE.

NEW YORK, November 12.—When the board of county canvassers were about to begin the canvassing of returns in the late election to-day, one of their number objected to counting the vote on the ground of probable illegality of returns, inasmuch as it did not appear from returns proposed to be canvassed that officers voted for were on 'scratched,' or 'irregular' tickets, no ballots appearing on the return as required by law. The ballot, he maintained, should be pasted on the return, and the number of votes cast for that ballot should be written partly on that ballot and continued on the returns, as decided in Judge Davis' charge yesterday in the case of the indicted election inspectors. The board, he contended, would render itself liable to indictment if they proceeded to canvass such returns, as they were not in conformity with the election law.

A recess was taken to get the opinion of the corporation counsel in the matter.

NEW YORK, November 12.—After a recess the commissioners presented a report with a brief opinion from corporation counsel, to the effect that the returns should be returned to the clerks of the canvas, not for alteration, but simply for correction. Supervisor Roberts bitterly inveighed against the police commissioners for appointing ignorant and otherwise inefficient inspectors. After a short but acrimonious discussion, Supervisors Roberts, Houghton and Jacobus were appointed a committee to obtain a further opinion from corporation counsel. The board then took a recess until to-morrow.'

ELECTION FRAUDS.

ROCHESTER, November 12.—Fifty-five ballots skillfully altered with a pen were cast here. They were counted as changed for 'Allen O,' instead of 'Allen C.' Beach. An error of 100 in favor of Potter was found in Genesee county.

The widow of Major Robert Anderson denies, through a correspondence of the Boston *Herald*, the charge in the *North' American Review's* "Diary of a Public Man, that he wavered between loyalty and turning Fort Summer over to the South. 'He never had a thought,' she says, of becoming a traitor. Loyalty was, with him, a point of honor. I may fairly say that he was morbid on that subject. He had not a dollar north of Mason and Dixon's line; but, when it was said to him, 'Major, your children will be beggars if you go with the North.' he replied, 'That makes no difference with the question of duty.' Everything possible was done to make him go over, but he at no time had any idea of being moved.'

Waldo Hutchins, Democrat, is elected to fill the only vacancy existing in the present Congress, by the Twelfth district of New York. This is a Democratic gain and it gives the Democrats three majority in the House over the combined vote of the Republicans and Greenback men.

The Phila. *Times* seems to have run afoul of the word "boom," and the luckless syllable is obliged to do duty in nearly every paragraph.

SIX PASSENGERS RESCUED FROM A WRECK IN MID-OCEAN.

Captain Ivancich, of the Austrian bark, Rebus, arriving in New York Saturday afternoon, reports that when thirty four days out from Trieste he escaped the floating hull of a dismasted vessel full of water and waterlogged. That was on the 3rd of November in latitude 39 degrees north, longitude 66 degrees 40 minutes west. The wind at the time blew a gale from the north and a strong sea was running. The weather was bitter cold. Some persons were on the hull signaling for help with strips torn from their garments. Notwithstanding the danger attending the effort, a boat was lowered and at great risk of life of all concerned six persons on the wreck were saved. They were all that survived and they were all passengers. After extending to them the care necessary to sustain life in their exhausted bodies their history was briefly learned. The schooner Petrel, Captain Fisher, sailed on the 25th of October for a whaling voyage in the Atlantic ocean and carrying Portugese passengers, a number of whom were paid-off whalemen returning home, to be landed at Fayal, in the Azores, and on the Madeira and Canary Islands. She encountered the terrible gales that swept the North Atlantic ocean in the last days of October and early days of November. After being dismaste by the fury of the gale the schooner became unmanageable and drifted. On the 29th of October she was capsized in a squall and fifteen persons were lost, including Captain Fisher. From the 29th of October until the 3d of November the six survivors clung to the wreck, exposed to the cold and storm without covering and kept continually wet by the seas that swept over them.

TERRIBLE HUNGER AND THIRST—THIRSTING FOR BLOOD.

The dreadful sufferings of the little party of survivors are thus told. After all had been drowned but seven, who were entangled in the rigging, the storm abated until the wreck drifted easily. There was neither fresh water nor food on board. For two days they signalled passing ships but without success. On Thursday night (the second) several of the surviving seven were utterly disheartened and refused to do anything further, preferring to meet death half way. They searched again for food or a stray cask of water, but without avail. Their eyes sunken and listless bespoke intense suffering. That night they huddled together in the after part of the vessel and tried to refresh themselves by sleep, but, tired as they were, the excitement was too intense to permit them to slumber. Early on Friday morning they were startled by loud shouting, and were horrified at discovering the first mate, Burgess, standing over a dead body that had been given up by the water in the hold, brandishing a large spike which he held in his hand, and shouting frantically, 'I will eat you; I will eat you.' It was soon discovered that the mate was not in his right mind, for as his companions approached he imagined them to be monsters in quest of his flesh to eat. As the body was lowered into the water he sought to plunge in after it, but was prevented by the others.

A sail was sighted and the signals were again hopelessly raised. The men were now becoming desperate. The first mate had gone crazy. In the midst of their discouragement Benjamin Marin made a discovery. From the pocket of his jacket he drew a piece of beeswax about the size of an egg. Here was something that would relieve their parched throats, down which no food or drink had passed for three days. He called his companions about him. There were only six. One was missing. It was the first mate. They subsequently found his body in the forward part of the hull. His wounded finger, which had not healed, had commenced bleeding.

'What shall we do, boys?' said Benjamin Martin, the head watch. 'Shall we drink a little of that blood or not? It's life or death. What do you say?'

'Yes,' was the feeble but unanimous response. They all rushed forward.

'Hold hard fellows. I am mistaken. Don't touch it. For God's sake, don't,' exclaimed Martin, placing himself between the body of the mate and the famished seamen.

'Why not?' was the surely demand.

'Because it will only sharpen our appetites to do a worse thing—to eat one of our own party. No, stand back and wait until to-morrow.'

As he finished speaking he cut off pieces of the beeswax about half the size of a pea, and gave one to each of them.

'Make one piece last you twenty-four hours,' were Martin's instructions.

The mate's body was dropped overboard and Martin even went so far as to see that no stains of blood remained on the deck where the body had lain.

On Saturday afternoon not one of the sufferers entertained a hope of ever seeing land again. About noon, after having twice hoisted their signal of distress without avail one of the party found a piece of ship's bread. It was saturated with salt water, but they received it with thankfulness. When divided equally among the six survivors each man had a piece about the size of his fist. This they devoured greedily, despite the entreaties of some to be sparing. At night the sky again looked threatening, and the unfortunates had terrible forebodings of their fate. But when Sunday's sun shone on the Atlantic every trace of the storm had vanished. The little band then resolved to call upon God for assistance, and in unison sent up a simple prayer for help. Half of the beeswax had now been eaten, and two of the party were too weak to stand on their feet. One had not even strength enough to chew the wax.

After having wearily watched all night without seeing a living thing save their own emaciated forms and haggard features, Martin confessed his belief that they were doomed to die of starvation.

'Now, boys, all give one more look,' he said about five o'clock on Monday morning

They responded, but it proved a fruitless search. Just then large drops of rain began to fall, and the countenances of the men brightened at last as the precious drops fell faster and faster. Clothing was spread on the deck, and when thoroughly saturated the water was wrung into a hat. Before the shower was over they succeeded in relieving their condition considerably, and were prepared to struggle through another day. At seven o'clock a sail was sighted to windward. They hoisted their signal of distress, a red shirt, and were overjoyed to discover that the stranger was bearing toward them. When she was within hailing distance they all shouted in a chorus for help and waved their hands. The 'sail' came within a quarter of a mile and then sent a boat to the rescue. Once aboard the Rebus, the greatest care had to be taken in giving nourishment to the rescued sailors, as some were able to drink only half a spoonful of wine. Nothing whatever was recovered from the wreck.

The old trick of getting up a sham fight in the gallery of a theatre, and then throwing the stuffed figure of a men over the railing, was successfully played at Leadville. The excitement in the lower part of the house caused a panic, and an actress fainted on the stage.

About Water Works.

THE COST OF FIRE SERVICE IN A NUMBER OF CITIES—WHAT IS CHARGED FOR THE CONSUMPTION BY MANUFACTURERS.

The correspondent of a New Albany (Ind). paper has compiled some valuable statistics relative to the cost of fire plug service in a number of cities throughout the Union, together with what is charged manufacturers by water companies, which will be found to largely exceed the price asked of Bloomsburg by the water Company. He says:

RELATIVE COST OF HYDRANTS.

First—We give the relative cost of the fire hydrants and uses of water for manufacturing and other purposes:

Denver—Pays $75 each, for sixteen fire hydrants per mile, besides other uses of water, equaling together $1,175 per mile of pipe line.

—Des Moines.—Pays $125 per fire hydrant, besides other uses of water, equaling together $1,350 per mile of pipe line.

Indianapolis—Pays $50 each, for fourteen hydrants per mile, besides for other uses of water, aggregating $800 per mile of pipe line, but does not afford an efficient fire service, the hydrants only serving as supplies for the fire engines to attach their suction pipes.

Memphis—Pays $125 each, for the first one hundred fire hydrants, besides paying for other uses of water, aggregating about $1,300 per mile of pipe line.

—Quincy—Pays $200 for each fire hydrant, which cover other city uses, and aggregates $2,200 per mile of pipe line.

Terre Haute—Pays $40 each for twenty-five fire hydrants per mile, besides a donation of $50,00 for and in consideration of water for public buildings, aggregating about $1,400 per mile of pipe line. We would note that twelve fire hydrants per mile, at $80 each, would afford just as efficient fire service as the twenty five per mile do.

Columbus, O.—Pays $125 per each fire hydrant, besides other uses of water, aggregating about $1 500 per mile of pipe line.

These statements show that cities, supplied with fire hydrants by companies, costs on an average, $157 each and aggregates per mile of pipe line $1,275.

OWN THEIR OWN WORKS.

The following places own and conduct their own water works:

Cincinnatti. The water department charges the fire department 50 dollars for each nozzel, where the engines attach their suction pipes. The water works do not afford a fire service, the reservoirs not being sufficiently elevated above the city. The works have maintained themselves, and the city has made very large appropriations from time to time to meet current expenses.

Covington—Each fire hydrant costs the city $280 per year.

Lafayette—Each fire hydrant costs the city $175 a year.

Evansville—Each fire hydrant costs the city $275 per year.

Madison—Each fire hydrant costs the city $700 per year.

Zanesville—Each fire hydrant costs the city $145 per year.

The above showing the average cost of fire hydrants at cities owning and conducting water works, to be $159 each, and an aggregate cost of $3,600 per mile of pipe line.

RATES FOR MANUFACTURING.

The following shows the rates charged by different cities for manufacturing and other uses, per 1,000 gallons each; Louisville, 15 to 35 cents; Toledo, 15 to 20 cents; Cincinnatti, 12 to 15 cents; Terre Haute, 15 to 25 cents; Quincy, 15 to 30 cents; Indianapolis, 15 to 25 cents; Newport, 15 to 25 cents; Covington, 15 to 35 cents; Zanesville, 15 to 20 cents; Chicago, 15 to 40 cents; Detroit, 15 to 40 cents; Cleveland, 15 to 16 cents; St. Louis, 15 to 60 cents; New York, 10 to 50 cents; Boston 30 cents; Baltimore, 12 to 20 cents; Brooklyn, 20 to 25 cents; Philadelphia, 15 to 50 cents.

Now, by computing the whole twenty cities we find the average price charged per 1,000 gallons of water to be 22½ cents while New Albany is supplied at from 7 to 15 cents per 1,000 gallons, and is less than any city in the United States, excepting one or two of the New England towns, where the city levied a direct tax for building the works, and now only charge the consumers sufficient for maintaining and conducting the works, having no debt or interest account to meet.

FIRE HYDRANTS.

With regard to fire hydrants we glean from the above that in seven cities, which own and conduct their water works, they cost an average of $259 per each hydrant, or an aggregate of $3,900 per mile of pipe line, and in seven cities which are supplied by companies the average cost is $107 per each hydrant, or an aggregate of $1,375 per mile of pipe line. While New Albany is supplied with a superior service for less than $95 per fire hydrant, or an aggregate of $1,045 per mile of pipe line, which will grow less as more pipe is laid. Thus, we find that through the sagacity and prudence of their city council, New Albany can boast of having one of the most efficient fire hydrant and water services for manufacturing and other uses (as well as the cheapest water rates) of any city in the west, and which fact every citizen should take pride in and endeavor to promulgate, so as to induce good men, of means and skill, to locate with us. They should also speak of the low rates of insurance consequent to the water works, the triple arrangements which the water works company have made at their own instance, providing against any short supply of water, by building two reservoirs and laying two lines of pipes from the city to the reservoirs, neither of which was required by the company, but desiring to afford all the advantages obtainable. Each reservoir holds ten days supply of water, which has been demonstrated since the completion of the works. Make known the fact, too, that while other Ohio river cities have dirty water, New Albany has settled water, being free from sediment, and also speak of the willingness of the city, &c., which, altogether, will no doubt bring wealth and skill among us, that otherwise would remain absent.

Some of the shrewdest business men in Montreal have been swindled by a bold and original scheme. Two strangers with glib tongues and dignified demeanor introduced themselves as capitalists seeking to invest $200,000. They lived expensively at a leading hotel, were accompanied by ladylike wives, and soon gained a footing in fashionable society. Their next move was to open an office and advertise money to loan. Those who applied for it were required to submit the collaterals for examination. The sharpers got about $20,000 into their hands, and sold the securities and fled.

Mrs. Smith of Westmoreland County, Va. who weighed 610 pounds, was buried a few days ago. Before the coffin was delivered, two ordinary sized men lay in it side by side. At the funeral it was necessary to carry the corpse out of the house and place it in the coffin on the sidewalk.

Murder in Maine.

James J. Norris of Bradley, Maine, was murdered last Friday night. The victim was found on Saturday morning, lying about twenty feet from a path leading from his mill to the place where he boarded, with his throat cut from ear to ear, a frightful wound on the back of the head at the base of the brain, another over the left eye and one near the left ear, either of which would have caused death. Mr. Norris was in the habit of going to his office evenings, sometimes working late. As he was returning from the office that night the murderer attacked him near an old vacant house, where he accomplished his bloody work. Everything of value was removed from his person and the murderer took his keys, went to the office, opened the safe, secured about $1,000 and made his escape. After taking the money the murderer threw the keys away and it was necessary to get a machinist to open the safe.

A Frenchman named Joseph Bouleau, was arrested on Sunday morning on a train at Newport on suspicion, and brought to Bangor where sufficient evidence was found on his person to convict him. His clothes were stained with blood in several places, and one rubber, which he wore over his boots, had a large spot of blood on it. A small leather wallet, containing about $60, was found in his pants pocket and some $13 in his vest pocket. The wallet also contained a slip cut from a newspaper announcing the marriage of the victim's son, Mr. Charles Norris, now residing out West, and also a slip upon which was written the names and date of the birth of the several members of the Norris family. A plan of the town of Bradley was also found in his possession, which Mr. Eddy was able to identify as the one kept in their safe.

The axe with which the murder was committed was found in the mill pond Sunday afternoon, with blood stains still upon it. The axe was identified as one stolen from the mill on Wednesday.

Railroad Accident.

Last week Thursday night as an extra train with engine No. 107, under charge of Conductor Kimley and Engineer Plowman was crossing in an easterly direction the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railroad bridge over the Missouri river at St. Charles the west span suddenly gave way, precipitating seventeen cars of live stock, a caboose and seven men into the river. The engine and one car, with the conductor, engineer and fireman were saved by the breaking between the cars. Three dead bodies and three men badly injured have been recovered from the river.

The whole vote of the County is 1709 less than it was last year. The Greenback votes in 1878 for Governor was 1169; this year 378 votes were cast for Sutton, Greenback candidate for State Treasurer. They had better appoint a receiver and shut up shop.

Col. Hooten, the Republican State Chairman, issued an address after the election congratulating his party on their success. He might better have thanked the Democrats who stayed at home.

But two counties in the state cast a larger temperance vote than Columbia. Bradford county had the same number as Columbia.

The Lancaster *Intelligencer* proposes Clarkson N. Potter of New York as Democratic candidate for President next year.

This seems to be an era of ocean disasters. The record of the last week includes, beside the sinking of the Champion with an attendant loss of thirty lives, the loss of the schooner Petrel with sixteen souls on board, only six of whom were saved; the collision of the new steamship Arizona with an iceberg, though fortunately no lives were sacrificed; the wreck of the Florence Latelt, a noted whaler; the sinking of the S. C. Tryon, a Baltimore steamer; great damage to the Albambra, from Antwerp, by a cyclone; the abandoning of the brig Zulu Patterson, from Baltze, and several other disasters of a minor nature.

Let your first attack of indigestion be the last. Rouse the dormant energies of the stomach with the Bitters. The tone thus imparted will remain. This is a fact established by thousands of witnesses who testify to the utility and efficacy of their own experience. Those afflicted with general debility of every phase will find this medicine an unfailing agent in building up and renewing their strength. For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.

There is an increasing demand for real estate. The people seem to have got tired of Sherman's four per cents. It is a good indication and we are glad to see it. Investments in land and improvements thereon are a peoples' real stability.

We have a speedy and positive cure, for catarrh, diptheria, canker mouth, and head ache, in Sulfon's catarrh remedy. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health, and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

A Strange Freak.

Do you know that there are strange people in our community, we say strange because they seem to prefer to suffer and pass their days miserably, made so by dyspepsia, and Liver Complaint, indigestion, constipation, and general debility, when Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure them. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

Five Hundred Thousand Strong.

In the past few months there has been more than 500,000 bottles of Shiloh's cure sold. Out of the vast number of people who have used it, more than 9-10 cases of consumption have been cured. All coughs, croup, asthma, and bronchitis, yield at once hence it is that every body speaks in its praise. To those who have not used it, let us say, if you have a cough or your child the croup and you value life don't fail to try it. For lame back side or chest, use Shiloh's porous plaster. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS.

Berwick Bor.—Daniel Raucher.
Centralia Bor.—James Brady.
Beaver—Thomas Baker.
Locust—William Beaver.
Jackson—Calvin Derr, Daniel L. Everhart.
Catawissa—Samuel Fredericks.
Berwick Bor.—Wm. Gerrard, Frank S. Hunt.
Beaver—Daniel Harlocher.
Locust—Adam Johnson.
Beaver—Peter Knecht.
Benton—Charles Kase, Stephen Kettler.
Mifflin—A. C. Millard.
Fishingcreek—Nathan K. Miller, Norman McHenry.
Orange—Thomas McHenry.
Bloom—Henry Nagle.
Greenwood—Samuel Parker.
Catawissa—J. D. Quick.
Benton—David Roberts.
Scott—H. Townsend.

LIST OF JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Bloomsburg—G. H. Brown, Michael Burns, John Behan, Enos Jacoby, Frank Kline.
Berwick Bor.—Robert East, Daniel Sult.
Benton—Wilson Gibbons, M. L. McHenry.
Beaver—John Hunsinger.
Catawissa—P. P. Creasy, Chas. Smith.
Centre—Benjamin Dalius, Wm. Kisner, Jr.
Franklin—P. G Campbell.
Fishingcreek—Chas. J. Kramer, William Whitenight, Cyrus Robbins, Moses McHenry.
Greenwood—George Eves, John K. Watts, Parvin Eves.
Hemlock—John R. Miller.
Jackson—R. F. Fritz.
Locust—Solom n Snyder.
Montour—Luther Eyer.
Madison—John G. Neivin, David Shultz.
Main—Wm. A. Fisher.
Mt. Pleasant—Samuel Hartzel, Pierce White.
Mifflin—C. W. Hess, Samuel Nuss, John Michael.
Pine—Lafayette Unger.
Sugarloaf—Daniel Fritz.

SECOND WEEK.

Locust—Samuel Adams, Obediah Yocum, John Billig.
Main—D. S. Brown, C. B. Gearhart, Nathan Knapp.
Mifflin—John F. Brown.
Bloomsburg—C. Bittenbender, H. H. Humphrey, Chas Knorr.
Briarcreek—A. R. Croup.
Greenwood—Clinton Dewitt.
Fishingcreek—Stephen Dresher, David Yost, Samuel Savage.
Scott—Lemuel Drake, G. H. Jones, B. G. Waples, Geo. Kressler.
Catawissa—B. F. Fortner, Fred. Pfahler, W. R. Russell.
Sugarloaf—Geo. P. Fritz.
Montour—Samuel Gigger, P. S. Karshner, Jessie Westbay, H. Weaver.
Centre—Geo. K. Hess, Wm. Stahl.
Beaver—Isaac Harriger, Chas. Michael, Thomas Shuman.
Jackson—John Vannatta.
Pine—Elijah Kisner.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county Pa. at 1 o'clock, p m., on

Saturday, December 6th, 1879.

All that tract of land situate partly in Catawissa, and partly in Franklin townships, adjoining on the north lands of H. J. Reeder, on the east lands of Elias Weaver, on the south land of Dr. J. Schuyler, on the west by lands of James Hiin and Wm. Teeple, containing fifty acres more or less on which are erected a two story frame house, frame barn and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Peter Swank, against John G. Hanley Executor of Mary M. Heacock, deceased, Susan intermarried with Samuel Smith, Margaret intermarried with John Lewis, Barbara intermarried with Geo. Null, and Wm. Hanley, Addie Hanley, John Hanley, and Lillie Hanley, Norton Hanley minors, legatees of Mary Magdelene Heacock, deceased, and to be sold as the property of Mary M. Heacock, deceased.

Ikeler, Attorney. Vend Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Beaver township, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: bounded on the north by Columbia Coal and Iron Company, on the south by Lewis Baker, and on the east by A. Mann and on the west by Lewis Baker containing one-half acre of land on which are erected a frame house and frame stable.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Charles Baker.

Jackson, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in the township of Catawissa, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by Samuel Yeager, on the east by Reuben Riegle, on the west by Isaiah Breisch, on the south by Reuben Riegle, containing three acres, whereon is erected a frame house and carpenter shop.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Eve Ann Ginter against Jacob S. Hower, and to be sold as the property of Jacob S. Hower.

MILLER, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

Terms cash.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

Nov. 14, '79-ts

A CASH BUSINESS—$50 to $200 a month for Agents, Teachers and Ladies, Selling our NEW BOOK. Its unrivalled contents of Prose and Poetry by 300 eminent authors, elegant illustrations and artistic binding make it a welcome guest in every home. Introduction by Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D. The new editions and reduced prices of our beautifully illustrated works with best terms and quick sales, are reasons why live agents coin money in their sale. A single agent has sold over 7,000 copies. E. B. TREAT, 805 Broadway, New York City. Nov. 14 1im ald

AGENTS WANTED

For the handsomest and

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Ever furnished Agents. Extra terms and Large

CASH PREMIUMS.

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Nov. 14-1m ald

FITS CURED Promptly and Permanently. I send a bottle of my celebrated remedy, with a valuable treatise on this disease, free to all sufferers who send me their P. O. and Express address. DR. H. G. ROOT, No. 183 Pearl St. New York.

Nov 14-3m ald

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine 32 pages, a Colored Plate in every number and many fine Engravings. Price $1.25 a year; Five Copies for $5.00. Specimen numbers sent for 10 cents; 3 trial copies for 25 cents.

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED FLORAL GUIDE

A beautiful work of 100 Pages, One Colored Flower Plate, and 500 Illustration, with Descriptions of the best Flowers and Vegetables, with price of seeds, and how to grow them. All for a five cent Stamp. Issue Nov. 9th in English or German. JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y. ald Nov 14-1m

THE SUN FOR 1880.

The Sun will deal with the events of the year 1880 in its own fashion, now pretty well understood by everybody. From January 1 until December 31 it will be conducted as a newspaper, written in the English language, and printed for the people.

As a newspaper, the Sun believes in getting all the news of the world promptly, and presenting it in the most intelligible shape—the shape that will enable its readers to keep well abreast of the age with the least unproductive expenditure of time. The greatest interest to the greatest number—that is the law controlling its daily make-up. It now has a circulation very much larger than that of any other American newspaper, and enjoys an income which it is at all times prepared to spend liberally for the benefit of its readers. People of all conditions of life and all ways of thinking buy and read the Sun; and they all derive entire satisfaction of some sort from its columns, for they keep on buying and reading it.

In its comments on men and affairs, The Sun believes that the only guide of policy should be common sense, inspired by genuine American principles and backed by honesty of purpose. For this reason it is, and will continue to be, absolutely independent of party, class, clique organization, or interest. It is for all, but of none. It will continue to praise what is good and reprobate what is evil, taking care that its language is to the point and plain, beyond the possibility of being misunderstood. It is untimely to say more than do not appear on the surface; it has no opinions to sell, save those which may be had by any purchaser with two cents. It hates in justice and rascality even more than it hates unnecessary words. It abhors frauds, gifts-tords, and deplores nincompoops of every species. It will continue throughout the year 1880 to chastise the first class, instruct the second and discountenance the third. All honest men, with honest convictions, whether sound or mistaken, are in its friends. And The Sun makes no bones of telling the truth to its friends whenever occasion arises for plain speaking.

These are the principles upon which the Sun will be conducted during the year to come.

The year 1880 will be one in which no patriotic American can afford to close his eyes to public affairs. It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of the political events which it has in store or the necessity of resolute vigilance on the part of every citizen who desires to preserve the Government that the founders gave us. The debates and acts of Congress, the utterances of the press, the exciting contests of the Republican and Democratic parties, now nearly equal in strength throughout the country, the varying drift of public sentiment, will all bear directly and effectively upon the twenty-fourth Presidential election, to be held in November. Four years ago next November the will of the nation, as expressed at the polls, was thwarted by an abominable conspiracy, the promoters and beneficiaries of which still hold the offices they stole. Will the crime of 1876 be repeated in 1880? The past decade of years opened with a corrupt, extravagant, and insolent Administration in renched at Washington. The Sun did something toward dislodging the gang and breaking it power. The same men are now intriguing to restore their leader and themselves to places from which they were driven by the indignation of the people. Will they succeed? The coming year will bring the answers to these momentous questions. The Sun will be on hand to chronicle the facts as they are developed, and to exhibit them clearly and fearlessly in their relations to expediency and rights.

Thus with a habit of philosophical good humor in looking at the minor affairs of life, and in great things a steadfast purpose to maintain the rights of the people and the principles of the Constitution against all aggressors, The Sun is pre ared to write a truthful, instructive, and at the same time entertaining history of 1880.

Our rates of subscription remain unchanged. For the Daily Sun, a four-page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, post-paid, is 65 cents a month, or $6.50 a year; or, including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or $7.70 a year, postage paid.

The Sunday edition of The Sun is also furnished separately at $1.20 a year, postage paid.

The price of the Weekly Sun, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is $1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending $10 we will send an extra copy free.

Address I. W. ENGLAND,
Publisher of THE SUN, New York City.

Nov. 14-6w

Rowell & Co's. Advc's.

GOOD PLAN. Combining and executing money orders for Advertising in 1 to 100 newspapers of Canada, with a reliable house at moderate rates. Lowest possible rates for placing single insertions in any list of papers. Estimates furnished for placing advertisements in any list of newspapers. Send for Catalogue. LAWRENCE & CO., 21 Park Row, New York.

NOV 14-4W r

WANTED.

Young Men and Ladies to learn Telegraphy. Good situations guaranteed. Address with stamp OBERLIN TELEGRAPH CO, Oberlin, Ohio.

nov 14-4W r

$10 to $1000 invested in Wall St., Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 7 Wall St., N. Y.

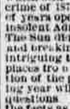
nov 14-1W r

$77 a Month and expenses guaranteed to Agents. Outfit free. SHAW & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

nov 14-4W r

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. nov 14-4W.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.



Is sure to cure Spavins, Splints, Curb, &c. It removes all unnatural enlargements. DOES NOT BLISTER. Has no equal for any lameness on beast or man. It has cured hip-joint lameness in a person who had suffered 18 years. Also cured rheumatism, corns, frost-bites or any bruises cut or lameness. It has no equal for any blemish on horses. Send for illustrated circular giving more proof. Price $1. ALL DRUGGISTS have it or can get it for you of Dr. B. J. Kendall & Co., Proprietors Enosburgh Falls, Vermont. MOYER BROTHERS, Agents, Bloomsburg, Pa.

May 23, '79-1y a w

A New Book. Orders Now Taken

AGENTS Can make most by selling a new work—the only one of the kind issued. "The Rights and Duties of County and Township Officers," by W. R. Bierly, Esq. of the Williamsport (Pa.) Bar. Contains all the acts and

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1879

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,		7.30A. M.
Mail Train	7.33 A. M	4.40 P. M
Past Train	12.00 M.	11.45 A.M
Express Train	4.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.36 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11.30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail The stage line terminates at Millville.

Benton and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

I. K. Krickbaum and A. R. Pennington Administrators of Eliza Parks, deceased, will sell Valuable Real Estate on the premises, in Sugarloaf township, on Saturday November, 15 1879.

See advertisements in another column.

H. H. Hirleman of Waller's P. O., sells the well known "Williamsport Boots."

David Armstrong has leased the ore on his farm above town to William Hart and others.

L. E. Waller, Esq., is now on the water on his way home from Europe.

The Roach furnace at Danville will soon be put in operation.

J. F. Lamon of Fowlersville has gone to Hazleton where he intends to reside.

Bradford county gave a majority of 1600 in favor of a poor house, at the recent election,

No boots are J. E. Dayton & Co's. make unless stamped on the bottom.

The skating rink has opened for the season, and is in full blast.

Men are engaged in hunting for leaks in the gas pipes along the streets.

The public schools in Catawissa have been closed owing to the prevalence of diphtheria. They opened again last Monday.

The regular meeting of the Town Council for November has not been held yet, owing to the absence of the President.

The Williamsport *Sun* says that a new Democratic daily paper will be started in that city soon.

Wm. Mathers of Millville has the exclusive sale of the "Williamsport Hand Made Boots" at that place.

The town clock got on a spree on the night of election and has been crooked ever since What is the matter with it?

WANTED.—A good cook and baker, also a good washer and ironer. Apply at the Sanitarium between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock p.m.

The price of coal is advancing. Fill your coal houses at once, if you have not already done so. It will not be any cheaper this winter.

The ladies of the Presbyterian congregation will give a supper at the residence of Mr William Neal this Friday evening for the benefit of the church.

Things seem to have been badly mixed all around this year. In Carbon county a republican sheriff was elected by 14 majority. That was a closer shave than Captain Ent had.

Won't somebody please look after the town clock? It strikes at half hours or most any other time it wants to. Either keep it right or stop it altogether.

The Catawissa *Item* reports the death of a little son of Peter Robison, and the severe illness of a daughter of Dr. L. B. Kline, a son of W. K. Russell and a son of John Decker.

Moyer Bros. propose to erect an oil house near the railroad. They are selling coal oil in large quantities. Last week they sold 64 barrels.

The paper we are using at present is not what it should be, being a poorer quality than we ordered. We shall see that our next order is properly filled.

It is time for some one to show some concern for the welfare of the Republican party, when its so-called leaders betray it for what they say is "a matter of four or five hundred dollars to them."

M. C. Sloan & Bro. are finishing a three seated sleigh, which will be one of the finest jobs ever turned out in this section. They are putting up about a dozen sleighs, single and double, for the winter trade.

Messrs. Adams & Son of Berwick, have the exclusive sale of "Williamsport Hand Made Boots," manufactured by J. E. Dayton & Co. Persons wearing their best goods need no rubbers, &c. It is economy to use them.

In return for jokes played upon others some one filled the overcoat pocket of Mr. F. P. Guise, a young attorney of Williamsport, with steel pens. A number of them stuck in his hand, and in taking them out several broke off. The hand is terribly swollen, and it is feared the consequences may be fatal.

Rake up the dead leaves and other refuse matter about your premises, and remove the same at once from your neighborhood. Any kind of decaying matter gives out poisonous gases and great care should be exercised to see that all such sources of malaria are placed where they can do no harm.

Everyone who wishes to avail himself of our present subscription price, should do so soon, Prices are advancing, and newspaper and printing material of all kinds are going up with everything else. If the advance continues we shall be compelled to charge $2 a year in every instance, instead of $1.50 in advance, We will take $1.50 for the year ending October 1st, 1880, until January 1st. After that all who have not paid in advance will be charged two dollars. This will be strictly adhered to.

Frank Wolf of Stillwater is selling the Williamsport Boot.

Charles E. Rice, Esq. was elected Associate Law Judge by the republicans of Luzerne county last week. Although a young man, he has made himself a high reputation as a lawyer, and we have no doubt will make a good Judge. He was a teacher in the Normal School about ten years ago.

Mr. Geo. W. Spalding left for Philadelphia last Thursday to consult some celebrated oculist and have his sight made good again if possible. For some months his eyes have been troubling him. Hope he will find relief and return soon entirely cured.—*Item.*

The *Republican* cannot see how a man can be a novice in politics and yet be a "respectable gentleman and excellent citizen." Taking the novice in that office as a sample, we agree with them.

The celebrated Engle clock is now on exhibition in Sterner's Block. It is a wonderful piece of mechanism, and everybody should go and see it. The exhibition will continue the balance of this week. Open all day until 10 o'clock, p. m. Admission 15 cents.

The will of the late Bishop Whittingham of Baltimore is in his own handwriting, and opens as follows: "In the name of God, Amen! To the Holy, Blessed and Glorious Trinity, Father, Son and Holy Ghost, be adoration, thanks and everlasting praise!" The Bishop's estate consists almost solely of a large and very valuable library, which is distributed among several religious societies.

William Black is a very rapid writer. There are fabulous stories told of the amount of leader writing which he could accomplish in his days of journalistic work. In writing novels he seems to sit down with all his matter in his head and only the actual work of penmanship to do, so that he can write straight on. He will take, perhaps, a week of what ignorant mortals might consider idleness, and then in a day or two write out all that had accumulated in his mind.

Strawbridge & Clothier of Philadelphia have published a very pretty little book for children called "Our Picture Book." It is handsomely illustrated, and they offer to furnish gratuitously to superintendents of Sunday Schools as many copies as they can distribute among their scholars, print the name of the school on the cover, and prepay expressage to destination. Address Strawbridge & Clothier, Eighth and Market streets, Philadelphia.

The sad intelligence of the death of Rupert Park has come to his friends here. He received an injury on the head one day last week which resulted in death after four days. The accident happened at his home in Missouri. He was a grandson of Hon. L. B. Rupert, and lived here for some time pursuing his studies at the Normal School. He was an intelligent and agreeable young man, and made a large circle of friends while here. It is indeed a heavy blow to his parents and relatives to have him struck down at the early age of 21, just as he was ready to engage actively in the battle of life. The afflicted family have deep sympathy in this community.

Rev. Prof. W. E. Parson, of Washington, D. C., will deliver a lecture in the Lutheran Church, under the auspices of the "Woman's Missionary Society," on Tuesday evening, November 18th. Subject, "An hour with the Japs." The Harrisburg *Patriot* speaks of this lecture as "a most entertaining and instructive discourse," and the press generally praise it as a rare treat. Do not lose the opportunity of hearing it. Tickets for sale at Clark's Book Store. Admission 25 cents.

A thief or thieves entered the cellar of Mrs. Sterner in Scott town last Monday night and carried off her canned fruit and other provisions. A sneak thief is the meanest kind of a thief, and a man who will rob a widow of her winter's supply is none too good to commit the highest crime known to the law. It is said that the entry was effected in this instance by the outside cellar door which had been left unfastened. People cannot exercise too much care in seeing thatt their houses are securely fastened at night.

The new Christian Chapel at Jackson, near Hon. Iram Derr's residence, will be opened for services on Lord's day Nov. 23. Services to begin at 10 A. M. Elder C. G. Bartholomew, of Union City, Ind. will preach the opening sermon. Elder John Ellis, the poet preacher, and author of "White Pilgrim," is also expected to be present. Seats free and the public invited.

D. M. KINTER, Pastor.

A fellow who looks like Shakespeare, and calls himself the Rev. Col. Howak, Courtney, Bates, or whatever name suits his purpose at the time, has been personating missing relatives in Pennsylvania, with considerable success. His method was to find a family that had a male relative whom they had not seen for many years, then inform himself about their history, and introduce himself as that long absent person. The imposture always secured for him a few weeks' board, and usually he was able to get off with some borrowed money and jewelry. He said that he was an ordained clergyman, and frequently got an opportunity to preach. His last exploit was in Oil City, where he is now in jail.

Wasps are proving dangerous in another way than warfare. An exchange asserts that many a mysterious burning of barn and hay stack has been caused by the spontaneous combustion of their nests, the chemical action of the wax in contact with their peculiar paper-like tissue, required but a very small excess of oxygen to create blaze. Better destroy them at once than run any such risk.

David Lowenberg has always been an earnest, faithful and active democrat. He has been elected chairman of the standing committee year after year, and has performed the duties of that unpleasant and thankless position with entire satisfaction, and to the best interests of the Democratic party. In the recent campaign he worked earnestly and unselfishly for what he considered the good of the organization. He had no personal motive in his action, and did only what he conscientiously believed to be his duty, and but for the activity of himself and others the vote in the county might have been much lighter than it was. The recent attack on him by one whose Democracy has always been doubtful, injures only the attacking party.

TESTIMONIAL.

MESSRS. ELWELL & BITTENBENDER,

Editors:—I saw in your paper of July the 18th, your account of the trials of Dr. Turner by the assembled Drs. of Bloomsburg upon certain formulated charges, embodying the manner and matter of his offending. It seems that one among the many wicked things that Dr. T. is given to, and which is specially distasteful to the learned Drs is his weakness for writing to and treating people at a distance. Living, as I do, miles away from Dr. T. and having received a letter from him in response to one that I wrote myself, I feel justified in coming to the front and telling what I know about this "great humbug"

About fourteen years ago I was attacked with that distressing disease, epilepsy. I visited a number of noted physicians and wrote to others, but from none of the many remedies that I tried, did I derive more than temporary relief. I had almost despaired of recovery when by chance or Providence I learned of the success of Dr. T. in the treatment of the disease, through a gentleman who knew him. I at once wrote to him respecting his remedies, he told me in his reply that he had no specific for the disease, that different cases required different treatment. The character of his letter, so different from that of quacks, inspired me with confidence in him. I wrote to him at once to take my case in hand for treatment. I commenced taking his medicines about two years ago, since which time I have not had a fit, and am enjoying good health. I induced a few friends to write to Dr. T. for the treatment and they too are free from that terrible disease. May his life be spared to relieve the afflictions of many more notwithstanding the verdict of the Drs.

Very respectfully,

R. J. SAUNDERS,
Shelby Co., Peytons, Ky.

The lecture of Rev. W. E. Parson, "An hour with the Japs," drew a cultured audience to Agricultural Hall on Tuesday night, who manifested their appreciation of the evening's entertainment by a hearty outburst of applause at the close. Mr. Parson has an easy, pleasant conversational style, in marked contrast with the florid elocution too characteristic of the platform. As *attache* of the Japanese Embassy he had rare opportunities to study the political and social system of Japan, the habits and customs of the people. Instead of dealing with the general facts which may be gathered from gazeteers, geographies and encyclopedias, he aimed to describe the inner social life of this singular people, as he saw it in visits to town and country, judiciously spicing his narrative with humorous illustrations, and thus held the close attention of his audiors for nearly an hour and a half.—*Gettysburg Star and Sentinel.*

Prof. Parson will deliver this lecture at the Lutheran Church on Tuesday evening, Nov. 18 Admission 25 cents. Tickets for sale at Clark's Book Store.

A new invention has been tried with success in London in the utilization of the power generated in stopping street cars for the purpose of restarting them and thus saving the extra exertion of the horses. The contrivance is a coiled spring, which is wound up by the stopping of the car and which, when released, acts on the wheels so as to impart motion. It acts too, as an assistance to horses up a steep grade, the power having been acquired in a preceding down grade and kept stored on the spring until the energy is required.

ROAD TAXES.

The following opinion sets forth the duties of Supervisors in regard to notice to work out taxes, and also the rights and duties of taxpayers in working on the roads.

UTT vs. YOCUM. } In the Common Pleas of Columbia county. In Equity. No. 2, December Term, 1879.

OPINION.

On the 11th September the plaintiff notified the defendant that he desired to work out his tax. If the Supervisor had then alleged that he had not worked when required I think he would have been justified in refusing him more work, but he did not appear to act upon the idea that the plaintiff had become liable to pay his taxes in money, for on four occasions afterwards he called upon plaintiff for work and the work was furnished as required. After the 11th September considerable work was done on contract and by tax payers, in regard to which plaintiff does not appear to have had notice. The plaintiff swears he had not. The defendant states no fact but says he *believes* he had.

It is not to be understood that a tax payer may choose his own time to work out his tax. But when there is still work on the roads which the Supervisors hire to be done instead of permitting tax payers who are willing to work, it is not a compliance with the law which requires both notice and a full opportunity to tax payers to work out their tax.

With the exception of the two occasions in May and June when the plaintiff failed to work during all the days the other men worked, he appears to have responded to notice even down to January 1879

I am reluctant to interfere with the collection of taxes by the proper officers. But am constrained to think that the Supervisors believed they were acting for the best interest of the township in reserving a margin from labor done on the roads by tax payers to be collected in money to pay for work done by the job. In doing this I think they erred, as the law is imperative that the tax payers shall have full opportunity to work out their taxes.

If that had not been done no doubt the balance of plaintiffs taxes would have been needed on the road and he would have been called upon for the work.

On the whole I am of opinion that the plaintiff is entitled to work out the balance of his tax upon the roads.

It is the duty of a Supervisor to close up his duplicate during his term when the facts are fresh in the minds of all parties, and not suffer it to lie over until another term of office has begun.

It is the duty of one liable to pay taxes to respond promptly to every call of the Supervisor. And while we grant the relief prayed for in this case we cannot commend the plaintiff for promptness in meeting his public obligations. He ought to have performed more work in May and June 1878 than he did. The defendant ought to have given him more opportunity to work out the balance of the tax after that time than he did. In this preliminary order we cannot dispose of the costs. But as the case stands now if I were to decide that question I would say that neither party should have costs of the other.

And now, Nov. 7, 1876, ordered that an injunction be issued commanding Daniel Yocum that he refrain from collecting in money the road tax assessed upon the land of John Appleman in Hemlock township, occupied by the plaintiff in 1878 or any part thereof in money, and he, the said Yocum, is hereby enjoined from selling any of the property of the plaintiff for said tax until hearing or further order.

WM. ELWELL, P. J.

Chew JACKSON'S Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

THE WORLD'S CHILD-MAGAZINE.

John Greenleaf Whittier, the most child-hearted as he is among the foremost of American Authors, writes of St. Nicholas: "It is little to say of this magazine that it is the best child's periodical in the world." Prof. Proctor the astronomer, wrote from London: 'What a wonderful magazine it is for young folks, and ours are quite as much delighted with it as American children can be!" It at it is calculated to delight the little folk everywhere is indicated by the fact that it is to be issued in French by Delagrave of Paris and that even the far away little Moslems are now to have a volume made up of translations from St. Nicholas into Arabic by the Rev. H. H. Jessup.

Beginning with the November number (ready Oct 25th) the magazine is to be printed on heavier paper with wider margins, and is to be so much enlarged that the new volume will contain nearly two hundred more pages than any former volume, while the price will remain the same. The publishers announce many brilliant novelties, including a new serial by Miss Louisa M. Alcott, entitled "Jack and Jill;" "The Treasure Box of English Literature," in which will be given gems from standard English and American authors; an Acting Play for Sunday Schools, by Rev. Edward Eggleston, which will be printed in time for the holidays, with full directions for its representation in school exhibitions; and a beautiful Fairy Operetta for children entitled 'The Sleeping Beauty in the Wood.'

The November number has two beautiful frontispieces and a red-line title page, and contains over sixty illustrations. In it, begins a new serial story for boys, 'Among the Lakes,' by the author of 'Dab Kinzer.'

Another splendid serial for boys has been secured for this volume,—'The Fairport Nine,' a story of a base ball club, by Noah Brooks. In short, St. Nicholas, which has no rival on either continent, is to be better than ever.

A superb Christmas number is in preparation to appear early in December. Subscriptions should begin with November. Buy it of your book seller, or send the subscription price to the publishers. Price, $3 00 a year; 25 cents a number. Scribner & Co., 743 Broadway New York.

See a woman on horseback in another column, riding near Speer's Vineyards, with a bunch of Grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession for the use of invalids weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists.

June 27 1-y.

AN "AGRICULTURAL NUMBER" OF SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY.

In addition to the usual variety in the contents of Scribner, the November issue contains a half dozen papers of the highest interest to farmers, and others interested in rural life 'The Agricultural Distress in Great Britain,' by P. T. Quinn; 'Farming in Kansas,' by Henry King; 'Success with Small Fruits,' by E. P. Roe; 'Rare Lawn Trees,' by Samuel Parsons, Jr.; 'The Mississippi Jetties,' and their effect on the prices of agricultural products and 'How Animals Get Home,' by Ernest Ingersoll.

There are two fine portraits of Bayard Taylor one engraved by Cole, from the best photograph, and the other a reproduction by Juengling, of O'Donovan's bronze bass-relief. These portraits accompany a discriminating critique of Taylor, by Stedman. Clarence Cook has a paper on 'Morris Moore's Old Masters,' with a reproduction by Cole, of Raphael's 'Apollo and Marsyas' There are Poems, Stories and Sketches; 'The French Quarter of New York;' 'Extracts from the Journal of Henry J. Raymond,' with interesting reminiscences of Daniel Webster; a beautiful story, by Boyesen; an ingenious story, 'A Sigh;' the fourth part of 'Confidence,' by Henry James, jr., begun in August; and the first part of a new American novel of Creole life, 'The Grandissimes,' by George W. Cable of New Orleans, the author of 'Old Creole Days,' which has created such an excellent impression in the literary world. 'The reign of Peter the Great,' by Eugene Schuyler, is noted editorially. This splendid series of Illustrated Historical Papers, the greatest work of the sort yet undertaken by any popular magazine, will begin in the January issue, and continue for two years.

All that enterprise and skill can do will be done to maintain the position of Scribner as the leading popular periodical of America. With the revival of the agricultural and business interests of the country, increased attention will be paid to papers on great public enterprises and interests, already a notable feature of the magazine.

Price $4.00 a year. 35 cents a number. Subscriptions should begin with the November number. Buy it of your bookseller or send the subscription price to the publishers.

Scribner & Co., 743 Broadway, New York.

ANSWERS TO MANY CORRESPONDENTS.

In reply to numerous inquiries from our readers concerning the wonderful qualities of the great German remedy, St. Jacob's Oil, mentioned in our last issue, we would inform them that the article may be obtained from our retail druggists, or by their aid. Ask for St. Jacobs Oil, and if the dealer does not keep it in stock, he will be able to procure it in a few days from the wholesale houses. We understand there is already an immediate demand for the remedy, which is not so very surprising when it is considered what it is daily accomplishing in the way of relief and cures bordering, in some instances, on the miraculous.

Business Notices

Rubbers at McKinney's.

85 feet with double counters is the length now of I. W. Hartman's double store. Go and see it all day and evening on Saturday.

The Royal Safeguard Oil gives the safest, softest, yet the most brilliant light of any oil in the world. Sold only at Creasy's. Buy it and try it.

White Granite Dishes 3.50 per set (46 pieces) in I. W. Hartman's new store.

Wanted 2000 lbs of nice dried Raspberries, at 25 cents per pound. And 2000 lbs of nice dried pitted cherries for which I will pay the very highest market price.

SILAS YOUNG.

July 18-6m.

Admission free at McKinney's.

You can enter three doors to I. W. Hartman's combination store.

Cotton Flannels for 8 cents, 10 cents, 12 cents, 14 cents, 16 cents a yard at Creasy's.

Good Goods will always be the motto at I. W. Hartman's double store.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

"Wanted, 200 tons of good Rock Oak Bark at $5 per ton by Silas Young, Light Street. Sept. 19, 3m.

A full line of gentlemen's white Duplex Shirts lined and quilted, only $1.00 at Creasy's.

Lutz & Sloan have received their new stock of furs and they are cheaper than ever,

Plenty of felt skirts at Marr's.

I. W. Hartman will throw open his new combination store on Saturday morning.

Boots and shoes at Marr's.

Those people needing Glassware and Queensware will do well to buy them at Conner's between this and the new year, as prices are advancing and these goods will probably go up before that.

Butter, Eggs, Lard, Dried Fruit, Potatoes, Chickens, Turkeys, &c., bought at I. W. Hartman's New Grocery Store.

Lutz & Sloan sell ladies Alaska furs, muff and boa for $2.75.

Marr has beautiful single and double shawls.

Just received, a new lot of Corsets, the "Daisy" only 50 cents, at Creasy's.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Want good live calves that weigh 120 lbs to 125, 130, 140, 150, 160 and upward at Light Street by

SILAS YOUNG.

Sept. 19 3-m.

Have you seen I. W. Hartman's new department? Go on Saturday.

For a nice lamp, cheap, call at Conner's.

Children's furs from 50cts. to $4.00 a set at Lutz & Sloan's.

Marr has splendid Black, Brown and Maroon Cashmeres.

A full line of Dress Goods, 10 cents a yard, at Creasy's.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Good Canton Flannels for 8, 9, 10, 12½, 14, 15, 16 and 18 cents per yard at Silas Young's, Light Street, Sept. 19-2m

4-ply Clarence Carpet Warp, 28 cents a pound at Creasy's.

New arrangements in I. W. Hartman's Dry Goods department.

A full line of extracts of the best grades, just received at Conner's.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

All kinds of stoneware, ½, 1, 1½ and 2 gallon flat and high pots, and 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 gallon apple and cream pots, with and without lids, in price from 12 cts. upward. ½, 1, 2, 3 and 4 gallon jugs, for sale at Light Street by Silas Young.

Sept. 19 2-m.

The Boss Cigars at Creasy's, 2 for 5 cents. Everybody buys them.

Go and see that all Wool 46 cent Cashmere at I. W. Hartman's.

Notwithstanding the advance in prices, Sugars, Teas, and Coffees can be bought at Conner's at the lowest figures.

Men, look at Marr's Cashmeres for coats and pants.

Misses' seal skin hats at Lutz & Sloan's.

Ladies, look at Marr's cloth for cloaks.

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

AGENTS READ THIS!

We want an Agent in this County to whom we will pay a salary of $100 per month and expenses to sell our wonderful invention. SAMPLE FREE Address at once SHERMAN & CO., MARSHALL, MICHIGAN. Nov. 7-4w d

$25 to $5000 Investments in Wall St. stocks judiciously explained in a book sent free. Fortunes have been made from small investments. Pamphlet containing full particulars sent free. Address BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 72 Broad St., N. Y. Nov. 7-4w d

ON 30 DAYS TRIAL

We will send our Electro Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances upon trial for 30 days to those suffering from Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Paralysis or any diseases of the Liver or Kidneys, and many other diseases. A sure Cure guaranteed or no pay. Address VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Michigan. d Nov. 7 4w

ORGANS 13 Stops 3 set Reeds, 9 Knee Swells, Stool, & Book only $90. 17 Oct. Pianos, Stool, Cover & Book only $143.75. Illustrated Newspaper sent free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. d Oct. 24, 4w.

$1200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official reports and information FREE. Like profits weekly on stock options of $10 to $50. Address T. POTTER WRIGHT & CO., BANKERS, 35 Wall st., N. Y. d Oct. 24,-4w

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county the undersigned administrators' of Eliza Parks, late of Fairmount township, Luzerne county Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises in Sugarloaf township Columbia county, on

Saturday, November 15th, 1879.

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described tract of land situate in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the county line dividing Columbia and Luzerne counties; thence south eighty-three degrees, west thirteen and five tenths perches to a stake and stones; thence north eight degrees west one hundred and forty-six perches to a stake; thence north eighty-three degrees east forty-seven perches to a chestnut; thence north seven degrees west forty perches to a stake; thence north eighty-three degrees east fifteen perches to said county line; thence south six and one-fourth degrees west one hundred and ninety-one and one-tenth perches to place of beginning containing

30 Acres 142 Perches.

strict measure.

This is a part of a tract which lies partly in Luzerne county, and the two parts will be sold together as one tract. There is a good

New Frame Dwelling House

and a BARN on the land in Luzerne county.

ALSO,

At the same time and place the undivided one-half interest of the decedent in the following mountain land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county will be sold.

Bounded and described as follows: bounded on the north and east by lands of George Nunkester, and on the south by lands of Nathan Brodbender on the west by lands of John Keller, it being unseated mountain land containing about

EIGHTY ACRES

more or less

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property. The one-fourth less ten per cent. at confirmation absolute, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

I. K. KRICKBAUM, Cambra, Pa. } Administrators.
A. R. PENNINGTON, Fairmount Springs, Pa. }

Oct. 24-ts

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa., at 1 o'clock, p. m., on

Monday, December 1st, 1879.

All that certain lot or tract of land situate in Benton township, Columbia county Pennsylvania, described as follows to-wit: bounded on the North by lands of I. L. Edwards and Thomas McHenry, on the east by lands of A. B. Stewart and Benjamin McHenry, on the south by land of H. P. Everettand on the west by lands of Elijah Yocum and Jacob Wellver, containing sixty seven acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, outbuildings and an old saw mill with the water power, as contained in the deeds to said Eli Mendenhall on West Creek.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Robert Gorrell, now assigned to T. Audenried, against Clinton Mendenhall, Eli Mendenhall, and E. H. Drinker, and to be sold as the property of Eli. Mendenhall.

FREEZE, Attorney. Alias Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Fishing creek township, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, described as follows to-wit: Bounded on the north by land of Alexander Stewart, on the east by land of John Brights heirs, on the south by land of Aaron Bogart, and on the west by land of Henry Wolf, containing sixteen acres more or less, two acres being well timbered the balance cleared, on which are erected a one story and a half log dwelling house, frame stable and other out buildings. There is also a good apple orchard on the premises.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of Thomas Hosecock, against John E. Haycock and to be sold as the property of John E. Haycock.

Jackson, Attorney. Fl. Fa.

ALSO,

All that real estate situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the west by an alley, north by lot of Simon C. Shive, east by Main Street, south by lot of Catharine Ohl, said lot being seventy feet in front and one hundred and eighty feet deep, be the same more or less, whereon are erected a dwelling house and stable with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Andrew Crouse against Eli Jones, administrator &c of John Jones, deceased, and to be sold as the property of John Jones, deceased.

Freeze, Attorney. Plur. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All the right title and interest of the defendant in that tract of land situate in the township of Briarcreek, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, on which the defendant now resides, bounded on the north by land heretofore of John Vanpelt, now M. E. Jackson estate, and of John Heavener, on the west by said Heavener now Adam Deitrich and Francis Evans, on the south by land heretofore owned by P. M. Traugh and now owned by Pettie and on the east by the said Pettie and others, containing two hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less, about one hundred and five acres of which are cleared, on which are erected a frame bank barn, frame dwelling house, and out buildings. There is also on the premises an excellent apple orchard and other fruit trees.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Susanna Hunt, against William Lamon, and to be sold as the property of William Lamon.

Knorr, Attorney. Al. Fl. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by an alley, on the east by a lot of George Fenstermacher, on the south by fourth Street, and on the west by lot of William Garrison, deceased, on which are erected a frame house and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Mutual Building and Saving Fund Association of Bloomsburg, against Thomas R. Williams, and to be sold as the property of Thomas R. Williams.

Robison, Attorney. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Scott township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by the public road leading from Lightstreet to Bloomsburg; on the East by public road leading from Lightstreet to Espy, and on the south by the said road and land late of John Mellick, deceased, and on the west by said land of John Mellick, deceased, containing 44 perches, on which is erected a frame butcher shop.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Daniel F. Seybert, against James W. Sankey, and to be sold as the property of James W. Sankey,

Buckalew, Attorney, Vend, Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or tract of land situate in Locust township and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of Leonard Adams Estate, on the East by lands of John Snyder's Estate, on the South by lands of Frederick Pfahler, on the West by land of David S. Helwig, containing one hundred and thirty-two acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, spring house, barn, wagon shed and all necessary out-buildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Moses Hower and Elizabeth Hower, late Elizabeth Bitner, in right of said Elizabeth against David S. Helwig and Elias L. Helwig, and to be sold as the property of Elias L. Helwig.

Eyerly, Attorney. Vend. Ex.

Terms Cash. JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

Nov. 7-ts

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

SHERIFF'S SALE.

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Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Robert Gorrell, now assigned to T. Audenried, against Clinton Mendenhall, Eli Mendenhall, and E. H. Drinker, and to be sold as the property of Eli. Mendenhall.

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Knorr, Attorney. Al. Fl. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by an alley, on the east by a lot of George Fenstermacher, on the south by fourth Street, and on the west by lot of William Garrison, deceased, on which are erected a frame house and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Mutual Building and Saving Fund Association of Bloomsburg, against Thomas R. Williams, and to be sold as the property of Thomas R. Williams.

Robison, Attorney. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Scott township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by the public road leading from Lightstreet to Bloomsburg; on the East by public road leading from Lightstreet to Espy, and on the south by the said road and land late of John Mellick, deceased, and on the west by said land of John Mellick, deceased, containing 44 perches, on which is erected a frame butcher shop.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Daniel F. Seybert, against James W. Sankey, and to be sold as the property of James W. Sankey,

Buckalew, Attorney, Vend, Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or tract of land situate in Locust township and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of Leonard Adams Estate, on the East by lands of John Snyder's Estate, on the South by lands of Frederick Pfahler, on the West by land of David S. Helwig, containing one hundred and thirty-two acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, spring house, barn, wagon shed and all necessary out-buildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Moses Hower and Elizabeth Hower, late Elizabeth Bitner, in right of said Elizabeth against David S. Helwig and Elias L. Helwig, and to be sold as the property of Elias L. Helwig.

Eyerly, Attorney. Vend. Ex.

Terms Cash. JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

Nov. 7-ts

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate!

The undersigned administrator of Rebecca Smith, late of the township of Madison in the county of Columbia, deceased, will expose to public sale by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county in proceedings in partition, on the premises in said township of Madison, on

Saturday, November 22nd, 1879,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate late the estate of said decedent.

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in the said township of Madison, bounded by lands of Abraham Broadt deceased, Conrad Kreamer, William Shultz A. K. Smith, the land below described as No. 2, and land of the heirs of Elisha B. Smith deceased, containing

SEVENTY-ONE ACRES

and fourteen perches, more or less, situated on the public road leading from Eyers' Grove to White Hall, nearly all cleared and under cultivation on which is a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

frame barn and APPLE ORCHARD.

No. 2. The undivided one-half part or moiety of a certain lot of land situate in said Madison township, of which the said decedent was seized as tenant in common with A. K.

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH FARM MACHINERY.

In a paper in Scribner for November on "The Agricultural Distress of Great Britain," Mr. P. T. Quinn gives the result of personal comparison of English and American farm tools as follows:

American manufacturers of farm tools shape them in such a way as to do the work with the least physical labor. The English manufacturer, on the other hand, has a pride in making everything substantial, heavy and solid, without any regard to the weight or strength needed. Why, there is more wood and iron in an English farm-cart than would make two American carts, and yet with their superb roads they load theirs no heavier than we do ours. An English manure fork is of the same size and pattern it was half a century ago—a square, rough tine shouldered near the point—calling for the greatest amount of force in loading or unloading. The American fork is a round polished tine, tapering gradually from the point to the base, and calling for the least power. The weight of an English plow is at least three times that of ours and its length about twice, and yet it takes neither wider nor deeper furrow-slices than our best plows. In fact, one pair of horses attached to one of our best pattern plows will do from a third to a half more work in the same number of hours than an English farmer with his long, unwieldly pattern that is out of all proportion, both in length and weight, to the work it is intended for. The same is true of the English harrows, cultivators and all of the implements I found in common use for turning or cultivating the soil. The ordinary wooden hand-rake is a clumsy, heavy thing, having from a third to a half more wood than is actually necessary. In many instances, in going through England, I have counted eight and ten hands gathering hay into windrows with these hand-rakes, an operation very seldom, if ever, seen now in the United States. In many of the agricultural districts which I visited, farmers cultivating from forty to a hundred acres of land still continue to cut their grain crops with the reaping hook and cradle. The English cradle has a scythe blade of ordinary size and length, with two short wooden fingers. The man cutting with this cradle throws the cut grain around against the uncut standing grain. Another man follows the cradler, equipped with a piece of stick about three feet in length with an iron hook on the end of it, and gathers the cut grain into sheafs and places them on the stubble before the next swath can be cut. The American or what is commonly called the "Yankee" cradle, has a wide scythe-blade similar in size and length to the English, but instead of two short fingers it has four long ones, and the operator rests the grain, which falls on the fingers and which is thrown into a sheaf on the stubble entirely out of the way of the next cradler who follows, leaving the cut grain ready to be bound, one man with us doing the work of two in England. In talking on the subject with an intelligent farmer in Essex county, England, I had difficulty in convincing him that the long fingers of the "Yankee" cradle would not or could not get tangled up in the straw, nor could I induce him to send and get an American cradle, although he was complaining of the high price of farm labor when compared with the low price of farm produce.

FATTENING TURKEYS.

It is a goodly sight, as the summer days wane, to see the flocks of turkeys coming home from the woods and pastures at night-fall, with full crops. If the farm has not been over-stocked with these birds, they have largely made their living upon grasshoppers, crickets, worms and other small fry. The regular food they have had has been rather to keep them wonted, than to supply any lack of forage. As the cold nights come on, and the supply of insects declines, the business of fattening properly commences. It should be remembered that plump, well-dressed turkeys, not only bring a higher price in market, but enhances the reputation of the producer, and make his market sure for future years. The turkey is one of the finished products of the farm and one of the greatest luxuries in the market. The farmer should do his best in preparing his flock for the shambles. The main business now is to lay on fat, and the bird should have, every night and morning, a full supply of nutritious and fattening food. Instinctively the turkey follows his food, and if the supply is abundant at the farm yard, he will not stroll far from home. Boiled potatoes, mashed, and mixed with meal, and fed moderately warm, is a very excellent feed both to promote growth and to fatten. If the pigs can be robbed of a part of their milk, and it be mixed with a part of the hot potatoes and meal, it will very much improve the dish. It is very desirable to supply the place of insects with some kind of animal food, and butcher's scraps is one of the cheapest and most desirable forms of food for poultry. Grain should be given at least once a day with the soft and warm feed. Nothing is better than sound corn. The northern corn is thought to contain more oil than that of the southern growth. Old corn should always be used for this purpose. The new corn keeps them too loose. In feeding, only so much corn should be thrown out as the birds will eat up clean. Take a little time to feed them, and study aesthetics, as you watch the iridescent hues upon the glossy plumage. There is nothing more charming upon the farm in the whole circle of the year, than a hundred or two of these richly bronzed turkeys feeding near the corn crib. You can afford to enjoy the disappearance of corn, while the turkeys are increasing in weight.

FEEBLE LADIES.

Those languid, tiresome sensations, causing you to feel scarcely able to be on your feet; that constant drain that is taking from your system all its elasticity; driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain upon your vital forces, rendering you irritable and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy, Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstructions of your system are relieved at once, while the special cause of periodical pain is permanently removed. Will you heed this.

CLOTHES IN HEAVEN—A lady in Springfield had been talking with her little girl about a death in the neighborhood, and about good children going to heaven, when, bright eyes said, 'Mamma, shall we have clothes ready for us in heaven?" and her mother replied in the affirmative. The little one went away again to her play, but soon came back in a thoughtful mood with. "Well, mamma, I guess I'll take my trunk of clothes along, to make sure!"

NEWTON'S PHILOSOPHY.—Sir Isaac Newton, a little before he died, said: "I don't know what I may seem to the world, but, as to myself, I seem to have been only a boy playing on the sea-shore, and diverting myself in now and then finding a smoother pebble or a prettier shell than ordinary, whilst the great ocean of truth lay all undiscovered before me."

IS POULTRY BREEDING PROFITABLE.

This question is often asked, and scores of times is wrongfully answered. If properly conducted, it is profitable; if left half cared for, ill provided with proper accommodations, placed in charge of inexperienced persons, then emphatically fowls are not profitable. It is a fallacy to think that all that is necessary, is to procure a dozen fowls, consign them to some unused shed or cellar, throw them a handful of corn in the morning, and go out in the afternoon and gather in a basketful of eggs. No branch of farm industry requires more careful attention than the poultry. They are perfect machines, and if properly managed may be kept in good running order and made very profitable. Good warm quarters should be provided for them, suitably ventilated at the top—not from the bottom or sides, thus causing a draught. Do not arrange the perches like steps to a ladder, so that all will crowd to get on the topmost perch, but place them about two feet from the floor for the large breeds, and three to four for small breeds, and all in an even horizontal position.

Fowls should be provided with a convenient dust bath, kept inside the house and away from the droppings and filth. It may be made from a large soap box, filled with fine road dust, in which a good supply of sulphur has been thoroughly mixed, and also some coal ashes. Wood ashes are not so good, or clear ashes of any kind, as the fowls when damp will change it into lye, blistering their skin and flesh.

'Variety is the spice of life,' and a variety of food insures the usefulness of a hen and a plentiful supply of eggs. What the food should be is somewhat varied, according to the season, and it has been discussed in these columns from time to time. Pure water is a necessity, and a good supply of milk is a valuable adjunct. Care, proper feed and cleanliness will insure success; without cleanliness, you had better not try to do anything. Cleanliness and an occasional white-washing of the house, a dusting of sulphur in small quantities in the nests, and a supply of kerosene oil sprinkled over the roosts, will effectually prevent vermin—the principal enemy which breeders have to contend against.—*Country Gentleman.*

SOUND ASLEEP.—A young man in Dubuque, Iowa, went to a country dance the other night, and did not return to his home until the church bells were ringing the next morning. His father told him he must go to meeting, and he went. Before the minister had finished the opening prayer he was sound asleep, and dreaming of the dance. An old lady who sat next to him touched his hand to arouse him, whereupon he seized her wrist, and shouted, "All join hands and circle to the left. Swing the girl with the blue dress on."

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. I. K. Krickbaum and F. L. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 18th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 1st day of Dec. next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 1st day of Dec. with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg the 18th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and in the one hundred and fourth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

(L. S.)

Sheriff's Office, JOHN. W. HOFFMAN,
Bloomsburg, Nov. 1—te Sheriff.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS. The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Monday, December 1st, 1879, at two o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of John Patterson, late of Beaver township, deceased.
2. Widow of Silas F. Karns, late of Benton township, deceased.
3. Widow of M. R. Jackson, late of the Borough of Berwick, deceased.
4. Widow of Abraham Yoder, late of Locust township, deceased.
5. Widow of William Garrison, late the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
6. Widow of S. M. Erwin, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
7. Widow of B. K. Eves, late of Greenwood township, deceased.
8. Widow of John Hicks, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
9. Widow of John Raup, late of Franklin township, deceased.
10. Widow of George C. Scott, late of Catawissia, deceased.
11. Widow of Thomas Davis, late of Benton township deceased.

Register's Office, } W. H. JACOBY,
Bloomsburg, Oct. 31, 1879. } Register.

REGISTER'S NOTICES. Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, December 1st, 1879, at 9 o'clock, p. m. on said day:

1. The account of John McAnall, administrator of Lydia W. Dodson, late of the Borough of Berwick, deceased, as filed by P. S. Hunt, administrator of John McAnall, deceased.
2. The account of John McAnall, administrator of J. B. Dodson, late of the Borough of Berwick, deceased, as filed by P. S. Hunt, administrator of John McAnall, deceased.
3. The final account of C. G. Jackson, guardian of James H. Pearce, minor child of A. B. Pearce, late of the Borough of Berwick, deceased.
4. The first and final account of Harry W. Sloan, administrator of Maria Biggs, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
5. The first and final account of Joseph Townsand, Trustee to sell Real Estate of John Townsand, late of Madison township, deceased.
6. The first and final account of John Appleman, Trustee to sell real estate of Ann Winner, late of Hemlock township, deceased.
7. The account of Lloyd S. Winterstein, administrator of Levi Creasy, late of Main township, deceased.
8. The first and partial account of P. S. Mill, administrator of Sarah Keithline, late of the Borough of Berwick, deceased.
9. The account of Wm. Martz, administrator cum testamente annexo, of Ludwig Buell, late of Locust township, deceased.
10. The final account of John G. Jacoby, guardian of Anna M. Poet (late Blank) a minor child of Samuel M. Blank, late of Centre township, deceased.
11. The first and final account of Thomas Butler, administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo, of Elizabeth Murry, late of Columbia county, deceased.
12. The first and final account of William Edwards executor of Ann Stahl, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
13. The first and final account of M. E. Jackson, guardian of Rebecca J. March, minor child of James March, late of Centre township, deceased, as filed by C. H. Jackson, Executor of M. E. Jackson, deceased.
14. The first and final account of Samuel Coleman, administrator of Silas D. Kline, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.
15. The second account of William Lamon, trustee in the estate of Jacob Moyer, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
16. The second account of Samuel Neyhard, executor of Philip Saleig, late of Centre township, deceased, as trustee for Rachael Coleman.

Register's Office, } W. H. JACOBY
Bloomsburg, Oct. 31, '79 } Register.
Oct. 31, '79-te.

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE
MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

CATARRH
THE EYE, EAR, and THROAT
Successfully Treated with
SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

SUCCESS is the test of merit, and success in the treatment of Catarrhal Affections, after so many miserable failures, means undoubted specific curative properties in the remedy used. Does SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE for Catarrh possess such properties? The evidence, in the shape of unsolicited testimonials from the most respectable people in all stations of life, must be conclusive on this point. Never, we believe, in the history of popular medicines has such valuable testimony been offered, freely offered, in favor of any remedy than that in the possession of the proprietors of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE. And valuable as it is, it does not represent a thousandth part of the recommendations which are to-day offered by friends to friends in its favor. People of wealth and refinement in all parts of the country fully admit its superiority over any method of cure known to the regular medical profession, but shun the publicity incidental to a published statement. Hence the testimonials in our possession represent but a small part of those withheld for the reason mentioned. The following unsolicited testimonial from HENRY WELLS, Esq., of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, is an outspoken indorsement of which we are justly proud.

INVALUABLE.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.: *Gentlemen*,—I have for some months felt it a duty that I owe to suffer ng humanity to write you, stating the great benefit I have received from the use of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH. For more than 20 years I have been afflicted with this very troublesome complaint. I have tried all the remedies that I could find, but without material or permanent benefit. Last fall the disease had arrived at that state that I must have relief or die. The entire membranous system had been more or less inflamed, and the stomach so disordered, that it was a doubtful matter whether I could go to the Pacific coast, or if I did go whether I should live to come back or not. I saw an advertisement of this medicine, and although being very incredulous about specifics or nostrums of any kind, yet in sheer desperation I tried this, and was at once benefited by it. The changes of climate, a chronic disease of the liver, and my age—over 70—may prevent my entire restoration, but the benefit I derive from its daily use is to me *invaluable*, and I am hoping to be completely cured, and at last arrive at a respectable old age.

If this statement of my case can be of any service to those afflicted as I have been, and enable you to bring this remedy into more general use, especially on the Pacific coast (where it is much needed), my object in writing this note will be obtained.

Yours truly, HENRY WELLS,
AURORA, N. Y., June, 1878. of Wells, Fargo & Co.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for use in all cases. Price $1.00. For sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Dealers throughout the United States and Canada. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER
ALWAYS CURES.

Enlarged Spleen.
This is to certify that I have been using your COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS for Enlargement of the Spleen and Depression in the Stomach, and they have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever used. I would highly recommend them to all suffering from the effects of pain and inflammation.
J. W. SELLS.
PICKERING, Mo., June 26, 1877.

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Having occasion to use a remedy for a very severe pain in my side I tried one of your COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS, and in twenty-four hours the pain was entirely removed.
Ass't Cashier First Nat. Bank.
WINONA, MINN., June 19, 1877.

Weaknesses.
Collins' Voltaic Plasters give the best satisfaction here of anything that has been tried for Lameness and Weakness of the Back. Please send more right away.
JAMES LEWIS.
BRYANT, ILL., June 16, 1877.

Price, 25 Cents.

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KIDNEY-WORT
THE ONLY MEDICINE
That Acts at the Same Time on
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THE BOWELS,
and the KIDNEYS.
These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect: if they become clogged, dreadful diseases are sure to follow with
TERRIBLE SUFFERING.
Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation and Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Seeming in the Urine, Milky or Ropy Urine; or Rheumatic Pains and Aches,
are developed because the blood is poisoned with the humors that should have been expelled naturally.
KIDNEY-WORT
will restore the healthy action and all these destroying evils will be banished; neglect them and you will live but to suffer.
Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and health will come; more gladden your heart.
Why suffer longer from the torment of an aching back?
Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?
Why be so fearful because of disordered urine?
KIDNEY-WORT will cure you. Try a package at once and be satisfied.
It is a dry vegetable compound and
One Package makes six quarts of Medicine.
Your druggist has it or will get it for you. Price (liquid or dry) $1.00.
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PORT GRAPE WINE
Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes.
EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS AND THE AGED.

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FOUR YEARS OLD.
This Celebrated Native Wine is made from the Juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this County
Its Invaluable
Tonic and Strengthening Properties
are unsurassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.
SPEER'S
P. J. Sherry.
The P. J. SHERRY is a Wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the golden qualities of the grape, from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.
SPEER'S
P. J. Brandy.
This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this Country, being far superior for medicinal purposes.
IT IS A PURE distillation from the grape and contains valuable medicinal properties.
It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.
See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.
SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.
June 27, 1879-tf

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oct 3, '79-1y.

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Oct. 17-1m w & co

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BOUNTY wounds, rupture or other injury (not disease), who have failed to receive the amount promised, also to those who enlisted between January 1st, 1863 and April 1, 1864, for 3 years who had previously served a term of 9 months or more and failed to receive a bounty of $400 for last service. $100 due all soldiers who enlisted for 3 years prior to July 2d 1861, and were mustered before August 6th, 1861, regardless of time served. Pay for rations while prisoners of war, still due, &c., &c.
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Oct. 17-1m w & co

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Cannot be excelled for the cure of Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated, Protruding and Itching Piles.
We guarantee it in every case. Matters not of how long standing or how severely treated, it gives instant relief, and cures the most chronic cases, in from one to three weeks. If used as directed. An unlimited number of testimonials can be given if desired, but all we ask is a trial. We consider that it will cure when all other means have failed. Sold by all dealers in medicines. In paper parcels—post free on receipt of price, $1.
JACOB WALTZ, General agent for U. S. and Canadas
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Sept 19, '79-1y. J w & co.

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Established in 1872 for the cure of Cancer, Tumors, Ulcers, Scrofula, and Skin Diseases, without the use of knife or caustic. It is painless. For information, circulars and references, address Dr. P. L. POND, Aurora, Kane Co., Ill.
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Has a Pad differing from all others, is Self-Adjusting, Soft as Velvet, adapts itself to all positions of the body, while the BALL in the cup PREVENTS ANY ONE WITH A RUPTURE FROM WEARING IT. Sent by mail. Circulars free. Address
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Made of iron, beautifully ornamented. Adjustable shelves. Cheap and strong. Cannot get out of order. Four sizes. Send for complete circular and price list. Send 25 cents for our new illustrated Catalogue of Schools Merchandise. *Every Parent or Teacher should have it.*
BAKER, PRATT & CO.,
Headquarters for all School Supplies,
142 & 144 GRAND STREET, NEW YORK.
Sept 19, 1y

ESPY PLANING MILL.
The undersigned lessee of the Espy Planing Mill, is prepared to do all kinds of mill work.
Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, etc.
made to order on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.
CHARLES KNOR,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL
SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.
Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.
Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.
Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.
Courses of study prescribed by the State:
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The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees: Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.
The course of Study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.
The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.
HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.
F. P. BILLMYER, Secretary.
Sept. 5, '76.

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But come at once and look through the largest stock of
Ready-Made Clothing
IN THE COUNTY.
IF WE CANNOT SUIT IN
READY-MADE,
WE CAN
SELL YOU THE CLOTH,
OR
TAKE YOUR MEASURE,
AND MAKE YOU A SUIT IN
CITY STYLE
BETTER AND
CHEAPER
THAN ANY OTHER STORE IN TOWN.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
SOLD BY THE YARD.
NOVELTIES,
Hats, Caps, &c.,
For Men and Boys,
Pearl Shirts,
Under Clothing.
Pretty suits for little boys,
Cheap suits for Men,
Cheap Overcoats,
Trunks, Satchels, Bags, &c.
Gum Clothing, &c.
Now selling at the
RELIABLE STORE OF
DAVID LOWENBERG.

SIX CORD
ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,
Paris, 1878
AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
PHILADELPHIA, 1876,
As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."
S.F.T.
ESTABLISHED 1826.
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING
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SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON
TRY IT
MEDALS AWARDED
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SOFT FINISH
April 18, '79-1y

THE BEST IN THE WORLD
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
WHITE SEWING MACHINE
$1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS
BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS
NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE-PLATE.
FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS:
WhiteSewing Machine Co. CLEVELAND, OHIO.
SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT.
WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS
Oct 24, 4w.

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly Outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. oct 3, '79-1y

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES.
SUITABLE FOR
YARDS,
CEMETERY LOTS,
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The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.

For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed Put up by experienced hands, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Prices and Specimens of other Designs sent to any address.
ADDRESS,
S. M. HESS,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
July 18, '79-6m

Farm Accounts!
Every Farmer should know how to keep them. An entirely new and complete system just published. Send postal for free Circulars to the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, 108 S. Tenth St., Philadelphia.
Oct. 17,-13w s & s

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

COLUMBIA COUNTY S. S.

Among the Records and proceedings of the Court of Quarter Sessions in and for said County, Inter alia it is thus contained.

In the matter of the Auditor's report of C. B. Brockway, to distribute money in Court amongst the creditors of Centralia Borough No. 18, Feb. T. 1875.

And now Oct. 22, 1879, on motion of S. Knorr, the report is referred to C. B. Brockway, Esq. Auditor, to ascertain the order in which the judgements of the borough should be paid; the money now ordered to be paid into Court, being raised by mandate, the Act of Assembly of 1879 directing a special tax having expired.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the Records Oct. 25, 1879.
WM. KRICKBAUM,
Clerk Q. S.

The Auditor in the above case will meet the parties interested at his office in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Saturday, Nov. 29th, 1879, at 10 o'clock a. m. in pursuance of above rule.

C. B. BROCKWAY
Oct. 31,-3w Auditor.

OLD AND RELIABLE.
DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.
TRY IT
SANFORD'S
LIVER
INVIGORATOR
To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Sea-sickness, and other Disorders. The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.
April 18, '79-1y.

C. E. SAVAGE,
DEALER IN
Silverware. Watches, Jewelry. Clocks &c.

☞ Removed to the Post Office building, first door above the Exhange Hotel.
All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.
may 17, '78-tf

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Is an absolute and irresistable cure for
DRUNK-
enness, Intemperance and the use of Opium, Tobacco, Narcotics, and Stimulants, removing all taste, desire and habit of using any of them, restoring the nerve or desire for any of them perfectly odious and disgusting. Giving every one perfect and irresistable control of the sobriety of themselves or their friends.
It prevents that absolute physical and moral prostration that follows the sudden breaking off from using stimulants or narcotics.
Package, prepaid, to cure 1 to 5 persons, $2, or two packages, $3.75 per bottle.
Temperance societies should recommend it. Its perfectly harmless and never-failing.
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y. Sole Agents
Hop Cough Cure destroys all pain, loosens the cough, quiets the nerves, produces rest, and never fails to cure.
The Hop Pad for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, is superior to all others. Cures by absorption. It is perfect—ask druggists.
The Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., of Rochester, N. Y. only, prepare these remedies, also the Hop Bitters, which are in no sense a beverage or tincture, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made, making more cures than all other remedies.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
May 9, '79-tf.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.
feb. 14, '77-1y r

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AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE
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Feb. 7, '79-1y

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HOUSE PAINTING
Plain and Ornamental.
PAPER HANGING,
BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.
All kinds of Furniture Repaired, and made as good as new.
NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED
Estimates Made on all Work.
WM. F. BODINE.
Oct. 1, 1878.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,
PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.
First-class workjalways on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times

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OVER 1,000,000 ACRES OF
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